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South Africa Clamps Progress Bans on 119 Groups Is Seen At Geneva

By Alan Cowell
New York Times Service
CAPE TOWN, South Africa — The South African police, invoking the nation's emergency decree, have announced new prohibitions affecting 119 political and church groups around Cape Town.

Brigadier Chris Swart, police commander for the Western Cape, ordered Saturday that the 119 organizations be barred from publishing pamphlets or posters and said that none of the groups' officials could be publicly quoted in six magisterial districts around the city.

The prohibition affects such organizations as the United Democratic Front, the biggest nonpar-

[Leon Mellet, a government spokesman, said Sunday that no one was hurt and "none of the incidents was serious." There was no immediate indication of responsibility for the explosions. Reporters were barred from the scenes of all the explosions.

[Mr. Mellet also said a black man was killed by a mob in the Johannesburg township of Soweto on Saturday, raising the death toll to 55 since President Pieter W. Botha declared a nationwide state of emergency on June 12.]

The government's Bureau for Information in Pretoria, virtually the only source for official information under the state of emergency, initially denied that Brigadier Swart had issued the decree. Officials indicated that the bureau had hoped to depict the day as one of relative peace. But the police commander's decree, the officials said, seemed to contradict that view.

Other organizations named in the ban Saturday included the Detainees' Parents Support Committee — a civil rights group that monitors detentions — and various Islamic and Christian groups.

The decree also named scores of local community organizations, many of them affiliated with the Democratic Front, which claims a following of more than two million people in 600 allied anti-apartheid groups.

The United Democratic Front's patrons include Bishop Desmond M. Tutu, archbishop-elect of Cape Town, and the Reverend Allan Boesak, president of the World Alliance of Reformed Churches. It was not clear whether they would be barred from being quoted. Both are prominent anti-apartheid campaigners.

The authorities also announced

U.S. Officials Cite New Moves On Verification

By Michael R. Gordon
New York Times Service
WASHINGTON — Soviet negotiators have indicated a willingness to work on verification problems for long-range mobile missiles and for the first time have suggested some possible verification measures, according to administration officials.

The Soviet move came in a negotiating session on strategic arms in Geneva on Wednesday.

Officials said that the move on verification should be seen as another sign that the Geneva arms talks, once thought to be moribund, have the potential for serious give-and-take.

The officials added that there were no signs that President Ronald Reagan's renunciation of the unratified strategic arms limitation treaty of 1979 had upset the talks.

The Soviet move on verification measures was presented not as a set of detailed proposals but as indications of the sort of procedures both sides might agree upon to verify long-range mobile missiles, officials said.

The Soviet concepts largely resemble the U.S. verification approach for medium-range mobile missiles, which U.S. negotiators have proposed in the parallel Geneva talks on medium-range arms.

One verification concept reportedly mentioned by the Russians is the monitoring of missiles as they leave factories so each side can count the other's missiles. Another is restricting mobile missiles to specified areas to aid in detection.

The Soviet Union is developing two types of long-range mobile missiles. One, the single-warhead SS-25, is transported on a truck and kept in a garage with a sliding roof. Seventy-two of these missiles have been deployed.

The Soviet Union is also developing the 10-warhead SS-24, which U.S. intelligence experts say probably will be deployed both in silos and on rail cars. The first deployments, probably on rail cars, could take place later this year, according to the Pentagon.

The United States has adopted a complex approach to mobile missile arms control. Many experts say



Prime Minister Felipe González gives victory sign at Madrid rally.

Spain Socialists Slip, but Keep Their Majority In Parliament

By Susan Linzee
The Associated Press
MADRID — First official returns in Sunday's parliamentary elections indicated the ruling Socialist Party would retain its majority in the 350-seat lower house of parliament, assuring it a second four-year term in power.

Interior Minister José Barrionuevo said that, with 43 percent of the vote tallied, the Socialists under Prime Minister Felipe González had won 188 seats and 45.2 percent of the vote, a result similar to the October 1982 elections in which they received 46 percent for a 202-seat majority. The Socialists received 10 million votes in that election.

Early projections by the Spanish state television and the private radio network SER gave the Socialists 187 to 197 seats. A minimum of 176 seats is needed for a majority.

Mr. Barrionuevo said 70.6 percent of the country's 29.2 million eligible voters had cast ballots, down from 80 percent in 1982.

The poll was the fourth general election since the death of Generalissimo Francisco Franco in 1975 and the return to democracy after 36 years of authoritarian rule.

The principal opposition, the rightist Popular Coalition Party, led by Manuel Fraga, obtained 99 seats, down from 106 seats.

Partial returns indicated the centrist Democratic and Social Center of former Prime Minister Adolfo Suárez would become the third political force in the nation with 20 seats, up from its present two.

Mr. Barrionuevo said Convergence and Union, a regional party based in the northeastern region of Catalonia, had won 17 seats, an increase of five.

A new leftist coalition, the Communist Union and the United Left coalition, uniting the Spanish Communist Party and disenchanted Socialists, had eight seats. Regional parties from the Basque country, Aragon and Galicia shared the remaining seats.

Mr. Barrionuevo said the Basque party, Herri Batasuna (People's Union), would obtain five seats, up from its two.

Herri Batasuna is a radical Basque party widely believed to be the political arm of ETA, the Basque separatist organization.

ETA, for Basque Homeland and Liberty, has claimed responsibility for the killings of more than 550 police and military officers since 1968 in its campaign to gain independence for the three-province northern Basque country with a population of 2.7 million.

Besides the 350 seats in the Congress of Deputies, 208 Senate seats were also involved in the election. The Congress of Deputies is the crucial contest for forming a government, with the Senate having no say.

Voters in Andalusia, in the south, also were electing 109 representatives to their autonomous regional assembly.

First returns from official election headquarters at the Congress and Exposition Hall in Madrid came an hour or so after the polls had closed.

The radio network's first projection of a Socialist victory was based on interviews with a sample of 60,000 of the country's 29.2 million eligible voters as they left the polls.

The radio had forecast a government victory in the March 12 referendum in which 52.5 percent of the voters favored keeping their country in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

In an editorial Sunday, the independent newspaper El País said Spaniards no longer had the feeling they were "participating in a transcendental and perhaps once-in-a-lifetime experience" and predicted they would "go dutifully to vote, without great passion but also without concern whether the democratic system can survive."

Mr. Fraga's party would lose some of its congress seats to Mr. Suárez's party and to the Democratic Reformist Party of a Catalan lawyer, Miguel Roca.

During the campaign, Mr. Suárez had called for dismantling of four U.S.-leased military bases in Spain, and for the year-long compulsory military service to be cut to three months.

ON PAGE 8

Township leaders are the largest group of detainees, U.S. officials say.

Officials reportedly said a boy shot in Soweto was mistaken by a soldier for a dog.

mentary opposition movement in the country; the Azanian People's Organization, and the End Conscription Campaign, which opposes compulsory military service. The ban also covers the country's largest black labor federation, the Congress of South African Trade Unions.

Three bomb explosions hit separate targets in Durban, an east coast port, Saturday night and Sunday morning, causing a four-hour blaze near an oil refinery, officials and witnesses said Sunday, United Press International reported from Johannesburg. Police evacuated four movie theaters in the city center, they said.

Death for 2 Australians Is Affirmed by Malaysia

By Michael Richardson
International Herald Tribune
SINGAPORE — Malaysia is preparing to hang two Australians for heroin smuggling in a move that signals the government's determination to execute anyone, foreign or local, who breaches the country's harsh anti-drugs law.

The Australians, Kevin Barlow, an Adelaide welder, and Brian Chambers, a Perth building contractor, both 28, lost final appeals on Saturday against the sentences.

Lawyers in Malaysia said the executions were likely to be carried out this week. Mr. Barlow and Mr. Chambers would be the first Westerners to go to the gallows in Malaysia for a drug offense. A French woman sentenced to death before the mandatory ruling received a reduction to life in prison.

Karpal Singh, the lawyer who represented Mr. Barlow during the High Court trial and Supreme Court appeal, said he was seeking a last-minute stay of execution from the Penang governor, Awang Hassan, who was chairman of the pardons board that rejected the appeal for clemency.

The lawyer said he was seeking to meet the governor on Monday to avert any quick execution.

Malaysia has so far hanged 36 people for drugs offenses, including citizens of other Southeast Asian countries and Hong Kong.

An additional 107 people sentenced to death are awaiting the outcome of appeals. They include several Australians, two New Zealanders and a West German.

Mr. Barlow and Mr. Chambers were convicted last July of having 180 grams (6.2 ounces) of heroin in a travel bag when arrested in November 1983 at the Penang airport.

The Malaysian Supreme Court rejected their appeals in December.

In 1983, the Parliament approved an amendment to the Dangerous Drugs Act to require auto-



Kevin Barlow



Brian Chambers

matic death sentences for trafficking in narcotics.

Under the amended law, anyone in possession of more than 15 grams or more of pure heroin, 200

Poland Says U.S. Envoy Met With Its Opponents

By Jackson Diehl
Washington Post Service
WARSAW — Polish authorities have accused a U.S. diplomat here of extradiplomatic contacts with elements of the anti-state opposition and showed film of him on television, in an escalation of attacks on the Reagan administration that started a month ago.

State-controlled television and the official news agency PAP accused Stephen Donald Mull, a second secretary in the political section of the U.S. Embassy here, on Friday of being "a staffer of U.S. intelligence" who had met with various opposition figures.

They said that he had also met with Bogdan Charyton, a Polish citizen who the agency said had been arrested and had acknowledged passing sensitive information to U.S. intelligence.

The official reports made no mention of any investigation of the U.S. diplomat or action against him. In an unusual step, however, state television showed film of Mr. Mull walking out of the embassy and meeting with several opposition figures. An embassy spokes-

man had no immediate comment.

The accusations were the second television attack on the United States in two days and added to what Western diplomats in Warsaw have described as an anti-American propaganda offensive that has grown since early May.

The campaign, which has unfolded in the weeks before an important Communist Party congress, has reflected the poor state of U.S.-Polish relations and has signaled an effort by General Wojciech Jaruzelski, leader of the Polish Communist Party, to appeal to party hard-liners, the diplomats said.

"There are elements here that don't think it's worth trying to improve relations," a senior Western diplomat said, "and this is meant to please them."

The official hostility has reversed a slight warming trend in U.S.-Polish relations marked by the visit to Warsaw in March of Walter J. Stoessel Jr., a former U.S. ambassador to Poland and the highest-ranking American official to meet with General Jaruzelski since the

See SPY, Page 8



Glenn Hoddle of England trying to dribble between Diego Maradona, left, and Sergio Batista of Argentina on Sunday in the World Cup quarterfinal match in Mexico City.

Argentina 2 England 1

Argentina defeated England on Sunday and advanced to the semifinals of the World Cup. In two earlier quarterfinal games that were decided on penalty kicks, France beat Brazil, and West Germany edged Mexico. Details in Sports, Page 19.

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BUSINESS/FINANCE
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The Philippines plans to allow foreign investors to buy equity in government-controlled companies. Page 13.



Modern Druids celebrated summer's longest day at Stonehenge, but were not allowed inside the prehistoric enclosure in England. The police measure also applied to hippies.

Druids Pray at Stonehenge — Across Barbed Wire

By Francis X. Clines
New York Times Service
AMESBURY, England — Stonehenge seemed even more inexplicable Saturday with barbed-wire barricades erected to keep the practicing Druids and everyone else from entry on a sunny summer solstice.

"English Heritage: No Unauthorized Entry," said a sign beside the circular group of megaliths hewn by prehistoric men, while a row of policemen stood like priestly silhouettes of the state, waving visitors on by.

"This is damn ludicrous," said Gita Topham, lolling in a farmer's field away from what she says is her favorite and most magical mystery. "I sat here staring at the dear stones — they are my temple — and the police came along and had me fill out a form just for looking."

With her black leather jacket, wild red hair and breezy attitude that Earth itself is for flopping onto and musing upon, Miss Topham was mistaken for a hippie.

Hippies, as defined in many front-page British news articles lately, are a band of 1,000 or so youthful caravan wanderers,

some living on state assistance, others getting by without visible means of support. They have so alarmed the British authorities with their aimless travels, trespassings and lightly educated offspring that hundreds have been arrested in recent months, and Stonehenge itself was buttoned up tight against them.

They clearly are not so socially acceptable as the Druids, who finally were able to obtain an 11th-hour court order to worship, but not within the Stonehenge circle, only on the public side of the barbed wire on an adjoining approach road for tourists that was sealed off for the solstice by the police.

"There is no shadow and it is high noon!" a Druid celebrant proclaimed from that limited perch later in the day, a digital watch visible under the sleeve of his pure white robe, whiter than the indifferent sheep across the dale, as he reached up toward the blazing sun. "It is time to celebrate in the face of the sun, on the greensward, in full view of all!"

Their ritual, performed by 50 believers in white robes, involved wafer-and-nectar com-

munion and various spirited pleadings to the four corners of the universe.

"I've come on the day of the longest light bringing the augury of plenty," announced one woman holding up a horn of cider. Five police officers stood off in their own circle, apparently smiling at quiet jokes.

The hippies are not so well tolerated. But past celebrations at Stonehenge by hippies and others left an archaeologist's nightmare of broken glass and pagan trash, so much so that the authorities took restrictive action a year ago to keep Stonehenge free of any festivals.

England hardly seemed intolerant, however, on this solstice day. Fifty miles (80 kilometers) to the west in the Glastonbury fields of a genial farmer named Michael Eavis, a festival of music and merriment was gathering by the tens of thousands of people interested in music, food, one another and the continuing puzzle of life.

For the 16th season, Mr. Eavis was bus-banding an event that seemed the next best place to Stonehenge. Contributions were going for the nuclear disarmament movement,

but the crowd's emphasis was more on happily facing nature than confronting government.

Some Britons say they feel the hippies are variations on traditional trekking folk and a social aberration that the nation must afford as a barometer of healthy social tolerance.

But the House of Lords had a good chuckle the other day when a member proposed that they be restricted to wandering the nation's island-laboratory where chemical warfare weapons used to be developed.

With 100 more hippies arrested Friday for road obstruction as they drove toward Stonehenge, it is clear the neolithic cynosure is as irresistible as ever, and far more officially sacred, with fewer and fewer people recalling times when visitors could touch the stones and even gambol atop them.

In the warmth of this solstice, fragments of the hippies' now dispersed caravan could be seen about the farm fields beyond Stonehenge, land that Miss Topham sat upon in distant worship.

"The energy of the stones is not being tapped this year," she said.

WORLD BRIEFS

Ghana Executes 7 for Plotting Coup

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast (Reuters) — Seven people found guilty of plotting to overthrow Ghana's leader, Flight Lieutenant Jerry J. Rawlings, were executed Sunday by firing squad, Accra Radio reported from Ghana.

Murder Suspected in Singer's Death

LONDON (AP) — Dean Reed, an American singer who had lived in East Germany since 1972 and was found dead in mysterious circumstances, may have been murdered because he was considering returning to the United States, The Sunday Times of London said, quoting his manager.

South Koreans Draft Election Accord

SEOUL (UPI) — The leaders of South Korea's ruling party and two major opposition parties have agreed to form a special parliamentary committee to consider revising the constitution to allow direct presidential elections.



Lee Min Wu

Poland Detains 5 Activists After Rally

WARSAW (Reuters) — Five Polish opposition activists were detained by police Sunday after a unofficial ceremony marking the 10th anniversary of a landmark strike over the capital, one of the detainees said.

New Delhi Postpones Land Exchange

NEW DELHI (Combined Dispatches) — Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi has postponed until July 15 the transfer of control of Chandigarh city to Sikh-dominated Punjab state, a government spokesman said.

Reagan Signs Biotechnology Guidelines

WASHINGTON (NYT) — President Ronald Reagan has signed a far-reaching program for overseeing genetic engineering research and the products of the biotechnology industry.

For the Record

Philippine riot troops fired Sunday at 5,000 stone-throwing supporters of Ferdinand E. Marcos, the deposed president, after they blockaded a highway in Quezon City. Four persons were treated for gunshot wounds and 16 persons were arrested.

Scholars Note Flourishing of U.S. Sects, Absolutist Leadership

By Robert Lindsey
New York Times Service

SEATTLE — New, ultrafundamentalist Christian sects dominated by leaders who exercise virtually unlimited control over members' lives and thoughts are growing rapidly in the United States, according to religious scholars who monitor such trends.

County Police Department, said his office was investigating the group because of allegations of sexual abuse of children as young as 12 years old, of "indecent liberties taken by some elders related to spiritual connecting" and of assaults by members of the church's armed security force.

Scholars estimate the number of new sects runs into the hundreds and that they are virtually all over the country.

More than two dozen couples have divorced or have begun divorce proceedings and at least two parishioners have committed suicide.

Vietnam Dismisses 8 Ministers

BANGKOK — Vietnam announced Sunday that eight ministers had been dismissed in a major cabinet shake-up that apparently was triggered by economic failures.

Mr. Huu, Vietnam's poet laureate and a member of the Communist Party's Politburo, had been viewed as a candidate to become the country's next prime minister.

Also dismissed were the ministers of finance, communication and transportation, internal trade, external trade, coal and mining and cultural affairs.

With a per-capita income of \$130, Vietnam remains one of the world's poorest countries.

Economic reforms were introduced last year, supposedly to liberalize Vietnam's tightly controlled economy, reduce bureaucracy and promote production.

At a major meeting earlier this month, the Communist Party admitted "shortcomings and errors in leadership, supervision, and execution of tasks."

The cabinet shake-up may also reflect an internal power struggle as Vietnam approaches its sixth Communist Party Congress and the possible retirement of the country's top three leaders.

Prime Minister Pham Van Dong is 80. Le Duan, the head of the Communist Party, is 79, as is Truong Chinh, the head of the state council.

Analysts in Hanoi said that the promotions of two officials from provinces where the economic reforms reportedly are working indicated that the program had not been abandoned.

Doan Duy Thanh, Communist Party secretary in Hai Phong province, was named minister of external trade, and Hoang Minh Thang, the party secretary in Quang Nam-Da Nang province, was named internal trade minister.

Food Industry Minister Vu Tuan replaced Finance Minister Chu Tam Thuc in the shake-up, and the director-general of the central bank, Nguyen Duy Gia, was replaced by Liu Minh Chau.

Deadlock Over U.S. Aid to 'Contras' Yields 2 Competing Plans in House

WASHINGTON — Two competing plans to provide aid to Nicaraguan rebels have been made public after days of negotiations in the House of Representatives between the Republican leadership and moderate and conservative Democrats failed to produce agreement on a common approach.

The two plans are to be considered by the House on Wednesday in the third and possibly decisive vote of President Ronald Reagan's policy in Central America.

Mr. McCurdy also has reached agreement with the House Democratic leadership to have his proposal incorporated into an \$11-billion appropriations bill for military construction that is scheduled for consideration Wednesday.

The tactic, if approved by the full House, would improve chances that his plan will clear the House and be sent to the Senate.

The Republican contra package and a liberal Democratic proposal that would provide funds only for refugee relief are expected to be offered as amendments in place of the McCurdy proposal.

In 1972, according to the researchers, the shepherding movement was brought into this country by Bob Mumford, a Bible teacher in Fort Lauderdale, Florida, and it has been growing rapidly since then.

Most of the new groups, according to the scholars, have rituals and doctrines that are common among fundamentalists, such as the belief that the Bible is literally true.

Mr. Enroth said most leaders required followers to disclose intimate details of their lives and submit to him regarding all facets of their lives, including marriage, job changes and finances.

Mr. Enroth said, require members to socialize only with other members and to keep distance from relatives who have not joined.



President Alan Garcia Pérez, left, greets Willy Brandt, president of Socialist International, at the Lima parley.

Peru Orders Army Query Into Retaking of Prison

LIMA — Peru's government has ordered the military to investigate possible excesses by security forces in putting down a jail revolt at Lurigancho prison in which 124 leftist guerrilla inmates were killed.

A leading leftist politician, Javier Diez Causse, accused the Peruvian military on Saturday of executing about 60 imprisoned guerrillas of the pro-Maoist Shining Path group who had surrendered to troops at the prison.

The United Left, the nation's main, Marxist-led opposition coalition, said in a statement Saturday: "We express our most energetic condemnation of this massacre" and that it demanded "the most severe sanctions for those responsible."

A statement Saturday from the office of President Alan Garcia Pérez said: "The number of deaths makes it possible to presume that excesses were committed in the use of force in fulfilling the orders of the government."

The government ordered the joint command of the armed forces to investigate the events and said it had also asked Congress and the attorney general to open their own investigations.

Willy Brandt, a former West German chancellor, told the West German newspaper Express in an interview published Monday that he and other officials of the Socialist International organization had recommended to Mr. Garcia that he accept foreign observers as part of the investigation of the killings.

Mr. Brandt said he saw no reason why the unrest should prompt the Socialist International and Social Democratic parties, to call off its congress in Lima.

The revolt was one of three prison rebellions on Thursday. At least 30 inmates were killed in another revolt at the island prison El Frontón.

Mr. Diez Causse said about 300 prisoners died at those two jails. The latest official figure was 156.

ROME — The U.S. attorney general, Edwin Meese 3d, arrived in Rome on Sunday for two days of talks with Italian leaders on ways to combat international terrorism, organized crime and narcotics trade.

Advertisement for 'Speak French Like a Diplomat' course, including details about the course structure and contact information.

Advertisement for Baccarat watches, featuring the brand name and contact information for their Paris store.

Advertisement for University Degree programs, listing various degrees and contact information for Pacific Western University.

Large advertisement for AT&T, featuring a telephone handset and the slogan 'When you make a \$10 phone call from an overseas hotel, you might be leaving a \$25 tip.' It also includes information about Teleplan hotels and AT&T's services.

AMERICAN TOPICS

Riding in 1960s Style With the Top Down

Dreamboats Rent-A-Car Inc. in the fashionable resort of Southampton, Long Island, rents only convertibles, all of them in mint condition and most dating to the 1960s, when "people really knew how to live," in the words of one satisfied customer, Vivian Pannell.

Renting a car like a white Pontiac Bonneville or a pink Cadillac with rakish tailfins is not cheap. The New York Times reports: it averages about \$85 a day, \$199 for a three-day weekend or \$950 a month. But the demand is so strong that Dreamboats has expanded its fleet to 24 cars, up from 19 in 1985, its first year in business. And last week the company opened its first branch in — where else? — Los Angeles.

The co-owner is Edwin J. Biebuyck, 30, who has the blond good looks of a 1960s beach boy but who is in fact a Belgian artist who spends most of the year in Paris. "These cars," he said, "are the coolest things in the world," dating from "a time when America was so sure of itself and was making the most outrageous and wild cars."

Police Learn to Live With Miranda Ruling

Twenty years ago, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in *Miranda vs. Arizona* that a suspect must be informed before he is interrogated by the police that he has the right to remain silent, that any statement he makes may be used against him and that he has the right to the presence of an attorney.

The decision set off an immediate uproar, and even today is under attack by such highly placed critics as Attorney General Edwin Meese 3d. But it remains the law of the land, and the Washington Post reports that most district attorneys and police officials say they learned long ago to live with it.

"We were able to adjust," says Bernard D. Crooke, police chief of Montgomery County, Maryland. "We weren't handcuffed," he said, although "some guilty people walked free" because of the decision.

"Police had to work harder,



Edwin J. Biebuyck, a co-owner of Dreamboats Rent-A-Car, at the wheel of a pink 1959 Cadillac convertible.

they had to be better trained as investigators, and that's not wrong," Chief Crooke added. "We must have done something right, because we've filled up every jail in this country."

Short Takes

Legislation to ban all forms of tobacco promotion, including newspaper and magazine advertisements (television ads already are banned), athletic sponsorships, billboards, posters and even matchbook covers has been introduced by seven members of the U.S. House of Representatives. They contend that cigarette ads are not protected by the First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution guaranteeing freedom of speech and of the press. The Tobacco Institute, a trade association, disagrees, and so does the American Civil Liberties Union.

Vienna '79, a restaurant on Manhattan's East Side, has closed in the wake of the controversy over the election of Kurt Waldheim as president of Austria. Peter Grumner, the co-owner, who left Austria 18 years ago, said business had dropped about 50 percent in the past year. He told *The New York Times*: "Seven or eight years ago, Austria was the country for music and waltzes and cakes and all the good things in life. I always stood up for the country. Now it's better to look away from it."

Notes About People

The Reverend Pat Robertson, the television evangelist and potential Republican presidential candidate, says opponents of abortion can look to the "wonderful process of the mortality tables" to change the composition of the Supreme Court and bring about a reversal of its latest decision striking down a Pennsylvania law that regulates abortion.

Five years ago, a committee to find a new president for the University of Notre Dame at South Bend, Indiana, examined 400 candidates and decided none was qualified to replace the Reverend Theodore M. Hesburgh, the Roman Catholic priest who has been Notre Dame's president since 1952. He agreed to stay on another five years. Now 69, he plans definitely to retire a year from now, and university trustees have begun another search for a replacement.

Lee A. Iacocca, now president of Chrysler Corp., who was dismissed by Henry Ford 2d in 1978, has bought a seven-bedroom house in the Detroit suburb of Grosse Pointe Farms that formerly belonged to Mr. Ford. The Fords still own another house in the same area, but they will be only infrequent neighbors of Mr. Iacocca; they spend most of their time in England.

Compiled by ARTHUR HICBEE

Reagan Assails Senate Defeat of Nominees

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan has accused Democrats in the Senate of engineering the defeat of some of his judicial and legal nominees merely because they were conservatives.

The president made his comments Saturday as he urged the Senate to confirm Daniel A. Manion as a judge of the 7th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago.

Mr. Reagan also called for Senate confirmation of William H. Rehnquist as chief justice of the United States, and Antonin Scalia, an appeals court judge, as an associate Supreme Court justice. Both men, like Mr. Manion, are considered strong conservatives.

In his weekly radio address from the presidential retreat at Camp David, Maryland, Mr. Reagan accused the Democrats of "partisan use of the confirmation process."

"The real objection to Dan Manion is that he doesn't conform to the liberal ideology of senators," Mr. Reagan said. He said he had "sent a letter to the Senate expressing my strong opinion about the

prerogative of the president to make qualified appointments to the federal judiciary."

The stakes in the dispute are larger than Mr. Manion's nomination, expected to reach a Senate vote this week or next.

In the past year, Senate Democrats and some Republicans such as Charles McC. Mathias Jr. of Maryland and Arlen Specter of Pennsylvania, backed by a coalition of liberal, civil rights and civil liberties organizations, have blocked a number of major nominations.

These include the nomination of the administration's civil rights chief, William Bradford Reynolds, to associate attorney general, and of Jeffrey I. Zuckerman to be general counsel of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

Two weeks ago, the Senate Judiciary Committee rejected for the first time one of Mr. Reagan's judicial nominees, Jefferson B. Sessions 3d. Mr. Sessions had been nominated to become a federal district judge in Mobile, Alabama.

In the Judiciary Committee, the nomination of Mr. Manion, a law-

yer from Indiana, failed to win approval on a 9-9 tie vote, and thus goes before the full Senate without a favorable recommendation from the committee.

Opponents have alleged that some of the nominees have expressed extremely conservative views or insensitivity on racial matters, and that others lacked judicial temperament or legal distinction.

The officials are said to feel that a counterattack was needed to prevent further trouble on nominations. A White House spokesman agreed Saturday that the president's remarks on Mr. Manion should be interpreted as the start of a counterattack.

At a hearing of the Senate Judiciary Committee on April 30, Democrats questioned whether Mr. Manion held such extreme political views that he should not sit on the federal bench.

They cited Mr. Manion's sponsorship of an Indiana state senator of a bill allowing the Ten Commandments to be posted in the public schools two months after the Supreme Court ruled that such postings are unconstitutional, and

statements in 1971 urging that anti-war demonstrators "should be penned up."

The Democrats also questioned whether his legal background in a small South Bend law practice was adequate to qualify him to sit on a federal appeals court.

Mr. Reagan defended Mr. Manion as "a fine lawyer" with "substantial litigation experience" and "character and integrity."

Mr. Reagan said he is trying to name "tough, responsible judges to the courts" because "the scales of justice have become seriously unbalanced" and it has become "difficult to convict criminals."

Landmark Cases Face U.S. High Court

Abortion, Civil Rights, Church-State Issues on the Agenda

By Robert Pear

WASHINGTON — In the next few years, the U.S. Supreme Court will probably face a series of momentous cases on civil rights, abortion, church-state relations and the constitutionality of independent federal agencies, according to lawyers who follow the court's work.

The court's agenda has become the object of increased attention since the announcement by President Ronald Reagan last week that Chief Justice Warren E. Burger was retiring after 17 years.

Mr. Reagan said he would nominate William H. Rehnquist to be the next chief justice and Antonin Scalia to replace him as associate justice. Judge Scalia was appointed by Mr. Reagan to the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia in 1982.

Major undecided questions facing the Supreme Court are said to include the legality of various types of affirmative action in employment and education, the propriety of state efforts to restrict access to abortion, the permissible forms of state support for church-related institutions, and the legal status of independent federal agencies such as the Federal Trade Commission.

In his judicial opinions and essays, Judge Scalia has generally insisted on a rigid separation of powers among the branches of government, raising questions about the constitutionality of independent agencies.

He has indicated that he is receptive to the Justice Department argument that such agencies are an anomaly, a "headless fourth branch" of government, outside the legislative, executive and judicial branches explicitly authorized in the Constitution.

Judge Scalia was a member of a three-judge panel that struck down a key provision of a new budget-balancing law in February. The court held the law unconstitutional on the ground it violated the principle requiring separation of powers.

In a passage widely assumed to have been written by Judge Scalia, the panel cast a legal shadow over independent agencies, saying: "It is not as obvious today as it seemed in the 1930s that there can be such things as genuinely 'independent' regulatory agencies."

The Supreme Court may be asked to consider numerous cases challenging the legal authority of such agencies in the next few years, and administration officials have

encouraged such challenges in some of their public remarks.

Other issues likely to face the court include exceptions to the rule that generally bars use of illegally seized evidence in criminal cases, government regulation of electronic communications media such as cable television, and the proper balance of power between the federal government and the states in regulating economic activity.

Since 1978, the Supreme Court has annulled a few general principles about the use of racial preferences designed to overcome the ef-

fects of discrimination. The court has approved certain types of affirmative action and disapproved others, but its rulings have given rise to conflicting interpretations.

Yale Kamisar, a professor at the University of Michigan Law School, said that in terms of its importance to the administration, "the abortion issue is in a category by itself, and everything else pales into insignificance."

This month, the Supreme Court reaffirmed, by a 5-4 vote, its landmark 1973 decision establishing a constitutional right to abortion. But in coming years, lawyers said,

the court will undoubtedly be asked to rule on the legality of other state efforts to regulate or restrict access to abortion. The court will also probably be asked again to overrule its 1973 decision, in which the vote was 7-2.

Kenneth S. Geller, a former deputy solicitor general of the United States, said the court would probably also be asked to reconsider the three-part test it has used in determining whether a state or federal law represents an unconstitutional "establishment of religion."

This test stipulates that to pass muster, a law must have "a clearly secular legislative purpose," must neither advance nor inhibit religion and must "avoid excessive government entanglement with religion."

Authorities on the Supreme Court said there would be no difficulty in making the transition envisaged by Mr. Reagan because the court would, by the end of the current term next month, issue decisions in virtually all cases that had been briefed and argued. There will be few, if any, cases to carry over to the next term.

On another First Amendment issue, the key question is whether the court will begin cutting back on the protection it has given to news organizations in libel cases.

In a 1964 case, *The New York Times Co. vs. Sullivan*, the high court ruled that a state could not award damages to a public official for a defamatory falsehood unless the official proved that the statement was made with knowledge of its falsity or with "reckless disregard" of whether it was true or false.

Judge Scalia has suggested that there is a "distressing tendency" for commentators and columnists to "descend from discussion of public issues to destruction of private reputations."

Reagan Polyps Found Not Cancerous

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Two polyps removed from President Ronald Reagan's intestine were not cancerous, his physician said.

The physician, Dr. T. Burton Smith, said in a statement that Mr. Reagan was given the news Saturday at the presidential retreat at Camp David, Maryland, where he was resting for the weekend after a complete physical examination Friday.

Mr. Reagan has had two such examinations since he had surgery for cancer of the colon last July 13. In January three polyps were removed and later determined to be noncancerous.

The examination was part of a prescribed regimen to check every six months for any recurrence of potentially cancerous growths in Mr. Reagan's intestine.

Bristol-Myers Ends Sale of Drugs in Capsules

New York Times Service

NEW YORK — With two deaths attributed to cyanide-laced Excedrin capsules, Bristol-Myers Co. has announced that it would

end the sale of all its nonprescription drugs in capsule form and begin making capsule-shaped coated tablets.

The announcement was made

Friday, one day after the company recalled its Extra-Strength Excedrin capsules, which have been linked to the deaths June 5 and June 11 of two persons in Washington state from cyanide poisoning.

The decision Friday extends the recall to the capsule versions of the company's Datril and Bufferin painkillers and its Comtrex cold relief medicine. The company said that it did not believe any of those products had been tampered with but that it was withdrawing them as the "most prudent approach" to assure public safety.

Bristol-Myers is the second major maker of over-the-counter drugs to pull its capsules off the market. In February, after the death of a Yonkers woman who had taken a cyanide-laced Tylenol capsule, Johnson & Johnson, Tylenol's maker, said it would no longer sell any of its nonprescription products in capsule form.

Market analysts said that the latest deaths would put additional pressure on other drug makers either to withdraw their capsules or to add more security features to their packaging.

China Says Its President Is Hospitalized for Rest

United Press International

BEIJING — President Li Xian-nian has been hospitalized to rest after suffering from a cold, the Foreign Ministry said as it announced that Mr. Li had canceled a meeting with the president of Mali, Moussa Traore.

The Foreign Ministry said Saturday that Mr. Li, 77, "needs to take a rest for some time." Mr. Li was hospitalized for a few days in May. Officials said then that he was ill with a cold. In the last few years, he reportedly has been treated for cancer, a liver disease and a nerve disorder.

Advertisement for AT&T Teleplan featuring a list of hotels: Golden Tulip Hotels, Hilton International Hotels, Inter Europe Hotels, Ledra Hotel, The Lygon Arms Hotel, Mandarin Oriental Hotel Group, Marriott Hotels, Novotel Hotels, Regent International Hotels. Includes contact information: 1 800 874-4000.

Advertisement for the International Herald Tribune, featuring a globe and the text: "Seize the world. The International Herald Tribune. Bringing the World's Most Important News to the World's Most Important Audience."

Advertisement for Linea Uomo featuring a storefront illustration and text: "EXTRAORDINARY SALE 19th-23rd JUNE 1986. 66, av. des Champs-Élysées, 75008 PARIS. Tél. 42.56.03.42."

Advertisement for Nina Ricci featuring a watch and text: "Exceptional Sales NINA RICCI Couture - Boutique Fashion Accessories Leather goods Scarves. Tuesday 24 and Wednesday June 25 from 10:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. 20, RUE DES CAPUCINES THIRD FLOOR."

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2 Cypriots Are Released By Kidnappers in Beirut After 8 Weeks' Captivity

New York Times Service
BEIRUT — Kidnappers in Moslem West Beirut have released two Cypriot students who had been missing since April 28.

The police said the students, Stavros Yiannaki and Panayiotis Tirkas, both 25, had gone to Cyprus, and the Christian radio station Voice of Lebanon said they had been taken there by a Lebanese Army helicopter. Otherwise, the circumstances of the release were not made public.

The Cypriots, who studied at the American University in Beirut, had been seized by gunmen while walking to the university's seaside campus in the quarter of Ras Beirut. No group took responsibility for the kidnapping.

The two were released Saturday, a day after two French television newsmen were set free.

The two Frenchmen, Philippe Rochot and Georges Hansen of the Antenne 2 network, were released shortly before midnight on Friday near a West Beirut hotel where Syrian military and intelligence officers were staying.

They were kidnapped with two colleagues, Aurel Cometa and Jean-Louis Normandin, on March 8 after reporting on a rally by the Hezbollah, or Party of God, a fundamentalist Shiite group that has been linked to Iran. An underground faction calling itself the Or-



Georges Hansen and his wife, left, and Philippe Rochot flank Prime Minister Chirac.

ganization for Revolutionary Justice said it had kidnapped them.

On Saturday, the two Frenchmen who had been freed went to Damascus by car under Syrian military escort and were later flown to Paris.

The British ambassador to Lebanon, John Gray, issued an appeal on Saturday for the release of two kidnapped Britons, Alec Collett, a journalist, and John McCarthy, a television cameraman.

An Emotional Welcome

The two French newsmen released after 104 days in captivity arrived home Saturday to an emotional welcome from their families and Prime Minister Jacques Chirac.

Mr. Rochot and Mr. Hansen left the plane at Orly Airport and stood on the tarmac for several minutes, embracing their kin.

Mr. Rochot, a correspondent, said in an interview with Antenne 2 that he and Mr. Hansen could not say much because they had "pledged not to talk."

He thanked the French government and "the nations which have intervened in our favor" and "all the personalities who intervened."

The two were flown home on an executive jet provided by France.

Mr. Rochot said he remained most concerned about his two colleagues.

"We're free, but there are two guys still trapped there, and that's terrible," he said. "I don't know why I was chosen to be freed."

He said he was "very tired," and looking up at the clear evening sky, said: "It's been three months since I saw the light and the sky."

In Damascus, Mr. Rochot said at the office of Foreign Minister Farouk al-Sharrah. "We're very grateful to President Hafez al-Assad and our friends here because they did not abandon us."

"We're optimistic about the release of our compatriots," he added.

The Organization for Revolutionary Justice, which is believed to be a Shiite Moslem group loyal to Iran, said shortly after the abduction that it had seized the four men to protest French military intervention in Lebanon. It said Friday it was freeing two of them because of a change in France's Middle East policy.

Irish Divorce Issue Heating Up As Referendum Nears, Support Slips for Right to Separate

By Joseph Lelyveld
New York Times Service

THURLES, Ireland — As the campaign to introduce a civil right to divorce entered its last week, the Legion of Mary in County Tipperary called for a three-hour prayer vigil in the cathedral to preserve Ireland as the last European nation that is constitutionally committed to the Roman Catholic ideal of an indissoluble marriage bond.

Proponents of a constitutional amendment to be voted upon in a referendum Thursday have contended that it is needed to deal with the problem of marital breakdowns in Ireland, which may involve as many as 70,000 of an estimated 800,000 couples.

Ireland, they asserted, has an increasing number of couples living together who want to get married but cannot under the law because one of the partners has been in a marriage that failed.

The argument is easier to make in middle-class areas of Dublin than in County Tipperary in Ireland's rural heartland, 75 miles (120 kilometers) southwest of Dublin, where an unmarried couple living together can still cause a scandal.

Fine Gael, the dominant party in the minority coalition government in Dublin that called the referendum, is finding it harder than usual to get people in County Tipperary to distribute leaflets advocating the yes vote sought by Prime Minister Garrett FitzGerald, the party leader.

One worker said, "Those campaign workers the party has recruited drop the leaflets and move on quickly to the next house without seeking to engage voters in conversations that might prove embarrassing."

Andy Callanan, a boiler operator who has been going door to door, said he has received a lot of sullen looks and pointed questions about how he will ever find the nerve to go to Mass again.

Still, Mr. Callanan added, the referendum campaign is proving to be less vicious than the one three years ago that resulted in the passage of a constitutional amendment preserving the law against abortion.

Tony O'Brien, the leader of the opposition Fianna Fail Party in the local council, who is doubling as leader of the anti-divorce campaign although his party has avoided taking a stand on the issue, acknowledged that the current referendum was different.

"The people were going to vote against abortion no matter what," he said. "But everyone knows someone who has a marriage problem."

The recognition of the problem appeared to be widespread eight

Polls show that supporters of divorce lead, but the margin has narrowed and the number of undecided voters has risen as the anti-divorce campaign widens.

months ago, when Mr. FitzGerald called the referendum in fulfillment of a longstanding party pledge. At the start of the campaign, a poll indicated that Fine Gael had the support of only 26 percent of the voters, but 57 percent of those surveyed seemed to feel that the time had come for change on divorce.

Later polls still showed that supporters of change on divorce had the edge, but the margin narrowed and the number of voters who said they were undecided on the issue rose sharply as the anti-divorce campaign widened.

Mr. FitzGerald and other advocates of divorce change had been prepared to defend the amendment against an attack on religious and moral grounds by the Roman Catholic bishops. But they seemed to be

In Sicily, Craxi Squares Off With Coalition Party

By E.J. Dionne Jr.
New York Times Service

ROME — Sicilian voters went to the polls Sunday for regional elections that have become an unexpectedly important personal test for Prime Minister Bettino Craxi.

The voting was to elect a regional assembly but the results could determine whether Mr. Craxi's government, the longest lasting in Italy since World War II, survives or falls.

The battle lines, however, have been drawn not between the government and the opposition, but within the government itself.

In recent weeks, Mr. Craxi, a Socialist, has been feuding bitterly with Ciriaco de Mita, the leader of the Christian Democrats, the largest party in the five-party coalition government. The Sicilian elections have thus become a kind of showdown between this country's two leading political figures, who are at once partners and rivals.

"If something doesn't change, a crisis is inevitable," Mr. Craxi said last week.

"Until recently," said a Western diplomat, "I didn't think the Craxi-de Mita fight was serious. But it is serious, so the Sicilian elections have become important."

Up to now, Mr. de Mita has been content to leave Mr. Craxi and the Socialists—who got about 11 percent of the vote nationally—with the prime minister's job while he rebuilt the Christian Democratic organization.

The Christian Democrats have dominated politics here since World War II, but have seen their share of the vote drop from nearly half of the total in their heyday in the 1950s to about one-third now.

Mr. Craxi is the first Socialist and only the second non-Christian Democrat to hold the prime minister's chair in the postwar republic. His government has been in office since August 1983, and many among the Christian Democrats want a shake-up.

These Christian Democrats argue that theirs is the much larger party and should get the top job back. The party was bolstered by a modest recovery in local elections last year. Mr. de Mita is the leading Christian Democratic candidate for Mr. Craxi's job.

The Christian Democrats and the Socialists are broad coalitions that have governed off and on together since the 1960s.

Because of the laws of political arithmetic, the two parties are stuck with each other as long as they refuse to do business with the Communists, Italy's second largest party, or the neo-fascist Italian Social Movement.

The polls were to close at 10 P.M. Sunday and the ballots were to be counted Monday. About 3.9 million Sicilians were eligible to vote, and about three-quarters of them were expected to.

As is so often the case in Italian politics, the political effect of the Sicilian vote may depend on rather small shifts in voting patterns and how politicians interpret them.

In the last regional elections in 1981, the Christian Democrats won 41.4 percent of the vote in Sicily. Their vote there dropped in national elections in 1983 and reached a low of less than 34 percent in voting for the European Parliament in 1984. The Christian Democrats recovered to just under 38 percent in the local voting last year.

Except for a sharp shift upward to over a quarter of the vote in 1984, the Communists have taken a steady one-fifth of the Sicilian vote in recent years.

The Socialist vote has varied from about 12 percent to a high of 15 percent last year. In the game of higher mathematics that is Italian politics, Mr. de Mita intends to argue that unless Mr. Craxi's Socialists improve on the 15 percent, the prime minister has lost. Which, depending on who is calculating, may or may not mean that Mr. de Mita has won.

Waldheim Told U.S. He Was Guiltless

By Gerald M. Boyd
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Kurt Waldheim privately telephoned Vice President George Bush two months ago seeking to assure the Reagan administration at a high level that he was innocent of allegations that he participated in Nazi war crimes, according to White House officials.

The phone call prompted a discussion among officials on the staff of the National Security Council, knowledgeable officials said. The sources said Mr. Bush was advised as a result of the discussion that the affair could escalate and that he should steer clear of any involvement.

The previously undisclosed conversation is believed to be the only occasion in which Mr. Waldheim personally contacted the Reagan administration.

Mr. Waldheim called at a time when the Justice Department was considering whether he should be barred from entering the United States because of his actions in the Balkans as an officer in the German Wehrmacht during World War II.

The Justice Department's inquiry and a parallel investigation by the State Department are still under way.

Mr. Waldheim, who headed the United Nations Secretariat from 1972 to 1982, was elected president of Austria on June 8.

Mr. Bush's press secretary, Martin Fitzwater, acknowledged Thursday that the vice president had received the call and said that it had come in the first week of April. Published reports about Mr. Waldheim's alleged involvement in war crimes first appeared about a month earlier.

Mr. Fitzwater speculated that Mr. Waldheim had contacted Mr. Bush because they were acquainted when the vice president served as U.S. representative to the United Nations from 1970 to 1973. Mr. Fitzwater described the two men as "former associates" and declined to characterize their relationship further.

Allegations about Mr. Waldheim's wartime activities emerged in reports published in early March. The allegations were attributed to official documents made available in Vienna at that time.

Other documents concerning his military service were provided to The New York Times by the World Jewish Congress and were corroborated independently by The Times.

The documents alleged that Mr. Waldheim had been attached to a German Army command in World War II that fought brutal campaigns against Yugoslav partisans and conducted mass deportations of Greek Jews.



ANTI-NUCLEAR PROTEST IN BERLIN — West Germans dressed in protective clothing against radioactivity handed out leaflets at the Drifflinden crossing from West Berlin into East Germany. The leaflets advised motorists to decontaminate their autos after crossing East Germany. The demonstrators were protesting nuclear power plants.

Swiss Socialists Seek Nuclear Vote

Reuters

LAUSANNE, Switzerland — The Socialist Party, which has several ministers in the governing Swiss coalition, has voted to set in motion a referendum on the phasing out of nuclear power.

At their party congress in Lausanne on Saturday, members decided overwhelmingly in favor of seeking a referendum that asks voters to ban the construction of new nuclear power stations and to approve the closing of the nation's five plants. The referendum would also propose energy-saving measures and support for research of alternative sources of energy. The text is to be worked out in detail by the party executive.

The party must collect 100,000 signatures before the government could be required to set the referendum, a process expected to take three to four years.

Swiss voters rejected a proposed ban on new nuclear plants in a 1984 referendum but opinion polls since the April 26 accident at the Chernobyl plant in the Soviet Union show that public concern about nuclear safety has grown.

Nuclear Power Protested

Twenty-thousand to 30,000 people demonstrated on Saturday outside a nuclear power station near Gøegen in northwestern Switzerland, in what police and organizers called Switzerland's biggest anti-nuclear protest, Agence France-Press reported.

A small group of demonstrators cut through barbed wire fencing and threw objects at the plant's control tower, setting fire to a but

Police responded with water cannon and tear gas, and the demonstration eventually dispersed without incident.

The organizers are seeking an immediate halt to the Swiss nuclear program.

Space Photos of Chernobyl

Reuters reported Saturday from Moscow that Leonid D. Kizim and Vladimir A. Solovov, the cosmonauts celebrating their 100th successive day in space Saturday, have taken pictures of the Chernobyl nuclear power plant from the Salyut-7 station, Soviet television said.

The accident in the Ukraine, which sent radiation across Europe and beyond, has resulted in 26 deaths.

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Bourguiba Reasserts Power, Backs His Successor

Reuters

TUNIS — President Habib Bourguiba has asserted direct control over who will lead the governing Destourian Socialist Party in Tunisia and reaffirmed confidence in his constitutional successor, Prime Minister Mohammed Mzali.

Breaking with past practice Saturday at a three-day party congress, the 82-year-old president named the party's 90-member Central Committee, which had previously been elected by delegates. The congress then approved the move by acclamation, the official TAP news agency reported.

It was the latest move by Mr. Bourguiba to reassert his power over party and government posts. Despite his age and physical frailty, he still dominates national politics. Cabinet changes he ordered last year had appeared to threaten the political future of his constitutional successor. But Mr. Bourguiba, calling Mr. Mzali his son and closest associate, dispelled doubt over the succession by reaffirming confidence in him.

Mr. Mzali lost the key Interior Ministry portfolio, a post he had held alongside that of prime minister since the so-called "bread riots" of 1984, and saw his closest associates dismissed in the changes.

The prime minister began his six-year term with a program of political liberalization under which three opposition parties have been recognized. He emphasized at the congress that the governing Socialists had nothing to fear from political pluralism, provided the party kept power.

"It is of little consequence to us whether the number of parties increases or not," Mr. Mzali said in a report on developments since the last congress in 1981. The essential thing was that the people continue to rally to his party, he said.

Among the newcomers to the 20-member party political bureau were Mansour Skhiri, minister in charge of the presidential office, Zine el-Abidine Ben Ali, the new interior minister, and Ismail Lajeri, the new secretary-general of the General Union of Tunisian Workers.

Mr. Lajeri was elected at a special union congress on May 1 to head a new, pro-government grouping following a bitter trade union-government clash over wages, arrests of workers and the takeover of all union offices by militants who backed the governing party.

Soviet Said to Jail 2 Rights Activists

MOSCOW — Two human rights activists and members of an underground rock group called Phantom have been given long prison sentences in the Caucasian republic of Georgia on charges of passing anti-Soviet material in British and French journals, Raissa Uvarova, speaking by telephone from Tbilisi, said her soft-spoken Georgia was sentenced Saturday to seven years plus three in internal exile.

Emanuel Tvaladze, a fellow member of a group monitoring compliance with the 1975 Helsinki accords on European security and cooperation, she added, got five years in jail and three years exile.

How times have changed at Wimbledon.

On a July afternoon in 1877 Mr. Spencer William Gore beat Mr. W. C. Marshall to become the first Wimbledon Champion. It was an unpretentious affair. His prize was two cups, combined value 37 guineas.

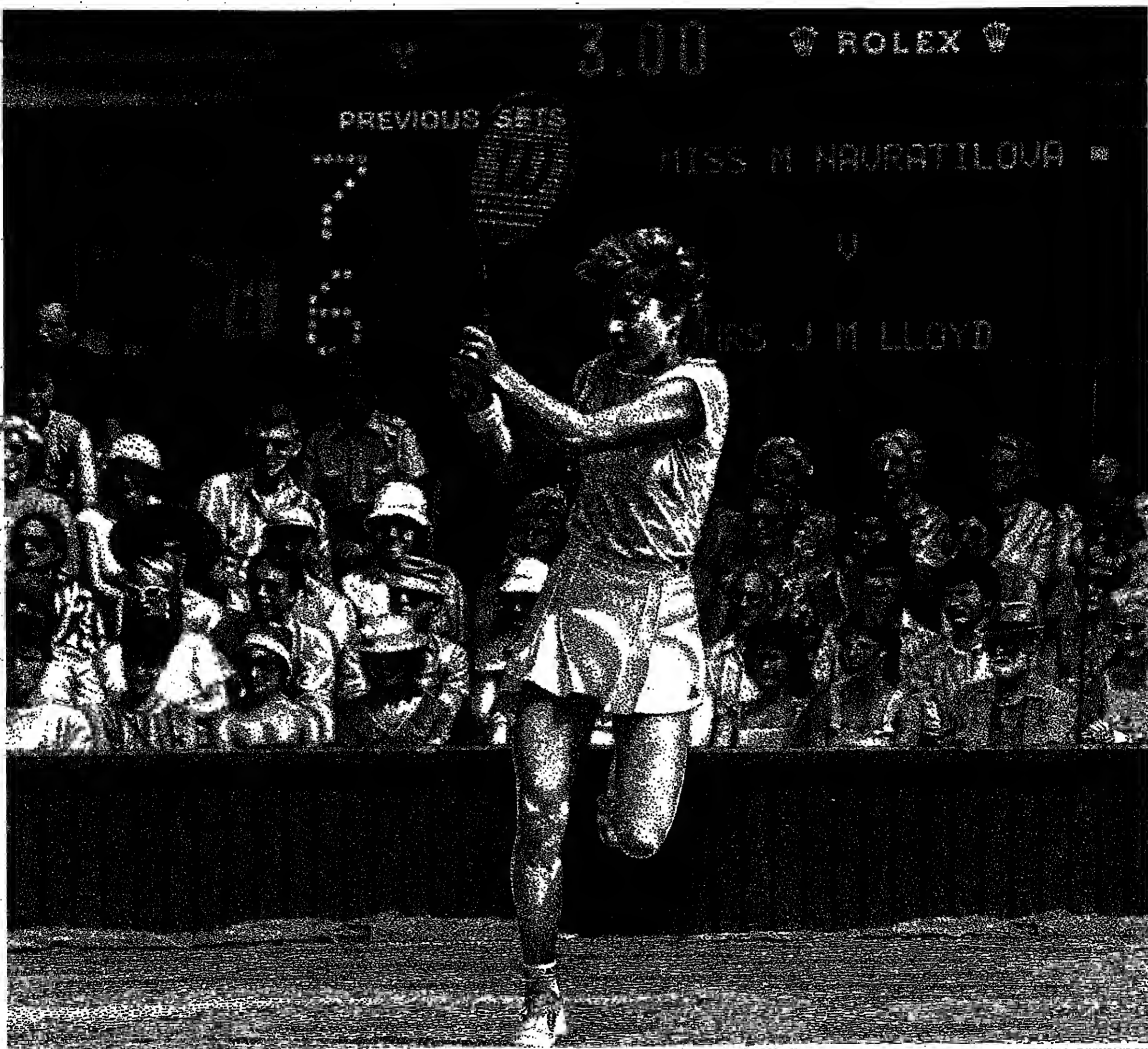
In 1878 the event was felt sufficiently popular to merit a second year. By the turn of the century, it was something of a tradition.

By 1977, its centenary year, Wimbledon had long

since become an international institution. In all its years, only wars (and rain) have prevented play.

When The All England Club decided to replace and update their time and scoring systems, they approached a company with a long-standing reputation for precision and accuracy. They chose Rolex of Geneva.

Meticulous in timing, refined in execution, the hallmarks of a great player are also the trademarks of Rolex.



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INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Modulated Sanctions

Ronald Reagan and Margaret Thatcher balk at stern sanctions against South Africa... London and Zurich have even greater cause for alarm...

Pre-Summit Ploys

In two different political styles, Ronald Reagan and Mikhail Gorbachev are moving ahead in a struggle to control the reshaping of post-detente Soviet-American relations...

Massacre in Peru

President Alan Garcia has gained an international reputation as an idealist, and friends of freedom have been pleased to place Peru on the list of nations to be demilitarized...

Other Comment

South Africa and Realism: Realism should impose a certain restraint on what Western statesmen say or do about South Africa...

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

John Hay Whitney, Chairman 1961-82; Katharine Graham, William S. Paley, Arthur Ochs Sulzberger, Co-Chairman...

OPINION Europe: A Slumbering, Politically Withdrawn Giant

By William Pfaff

PARIS — There are many places in the world where crises erupt in the indifference of all but those directly concerned...

that of either of the superpowers — should the Europeans wish to make use of it. A quiet Europe, a politically withdrawn Europe, has suited nearly everyone over the last 40 years...

Back Home to Paraguay From Exile

By Domingo Laino

NEW YORK — I have been living in exile since 1982. This week I am going back to my native Paraguay...

No single party should be allowed to control the transition period.

country's economic crisis, and have created grave divisions in the ruling Colorado Party...

America Must Get Serious In Dealings With the ANC

By Stephen S. Rosenfeld

WASHINGTON — Alfred Nzo came to Washington last week inevitably raising the tricky matter of the Communist ties of the African National Congress...

The objective should be a more rather than a less peaceful process.

a broad platform of justice and nationalization, leaving issues of post-revolutionary organization and orientation to the fine print...

The Answer For Africa Is Science

By Richard Critchfield

NEW YORK — Africa, where man began, is the last place on Earth to successfully apply his most scientific ways of feeding itself...



You're starving because of capitalist negligence, that's why. Now shut up and eat your bread!

years ago. The West, by harnessing science first, has ruled the roost. In Asia the invention of wet rice paddy cultivation 5,000 years ago led to its own river valley civilizations...

political leader. 'Look, here's our chance for a breakthrough. If you do this, this and this, you're likely to succeed and be a hero. If you let the food situation worsen, Mr. Minister, you won't be sitting in that chair much longer.'

The writer, a veteran observer of rural change in the Third World, contributed this to the Los Angeles Times.

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1911: George V Crowned 1936: A 40-Hour Week LONDON — That one supreme hour of glory and solemnity in every English reign came to George V when he was crowned in Westminster Abbey (on June 22)...

OPINION

Gary Hart's Blueprint for Foreign Policy

By George F. Will

WASHINGTON — Library shelves groan, as do undergraduates, beneath the weight of classics of political philosophy. Not one of those is about international relations. The philosophically interesting dilemmas of social life concern people in communities, under a common sovereignty, dealing with the concepts of rights, justice, consent, representation, obligation and so on.

until proven innocent, of McGovernism. From the birth of totalitarianism in 1917, when Woodrow Wilson became its active enemy, through FDR's leadership against Europe's dictators, through Truman's response to the Berlin Blockade, the threat to Greece and the Korean War, through Kennedy's and Johnson's commitment of U.S. power against communism in Indochina — through all that, the Democratic Party was the world's foremost foe of totalitarianism. Its record of constancy was superior to that of the GOP. Then came the 1972

Mr. Hart comes close to blaming America for the communist behavior of Nicaragua's Communists.

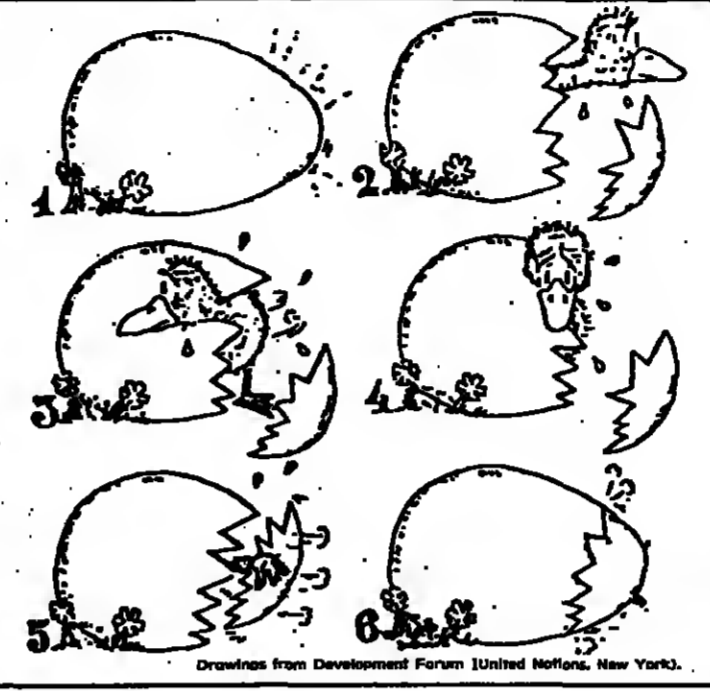
capture of the Democratic Party by people who considered the party's post-World War II record dishonorable and discredited by the party's role as architect of the Vietnam intervention. Mr. Hart, who became prominent directing George McGovern's 1972 campaign, participated, in 1984, in one of the most telling episodes of recent politics. In the New York primary campaign, he and Walter Mondale engaged in a downward-bidding competition to see who could pledge to withdraw U.S. forces from the most places. Mr. Hart won by a whisker when Mr. Mondale said he would allow a couple of dozen U.S. advisers in Honduras.

again when, being rhetorically too clever by half (James Kirkpatrick's "blame America first" charge still stings Democrats), Mr. Hart criticizes what he calls a "credit Russia first" mentality, which sees the hand of a Soviet puppeteer guiding every movement or government hostile to the United States.

"This mentality," he says, "often creates self-fulfilling prophecies. Heavy American pressure can drive such forces into the Soviet harbor as the only available port in the storm. Nicaragua is partly a case in point."

A "new idea"? Hardly. It comes close to blaming America for the communist behavior of Nicaragua's Communists, just as in the 1960s voices on the left blamed America for "driving Castro into Moscow's embrace."

Mr. Hart's analysis is especially labored when he brands, by implication, President Reagan as an isolationist. He says, among other things, that those who are skeptical about arms control, who favor the Strategic Defense Initiative and support unilateral military action, isolate America from its allies and frighten Americans into associating internationalism with loss of life.



Peace Activists in America Stumble Across the Gulag

By Arthur M. Eckstein

WASHINGTON — Old Greenbelt, where I live, in nearby Maryland, is a successful planned community, with a deep and abiding cooperative spirit dating from the town's origin as a New Deal project. In such a place it was natural that in the early 1980s there developed a strong peace movement.

The Greenbelt Peace Committee, with a core of about 50 activists, all unpaid volunteers, was a moral force in the

Ground Zero had failed to clear the choice first with the directorate of relations between Soviet and foreign cities. Greenbelt should, Mr. Menshikov said, "forget about Rezekne."

Miss Drake wrote in the Greenbelt News Review that she was shocked. "I told him," she said, "that Americans believe it is human courtesy to answer invitations to friendship."

Her article in the local paper led me to consult a book by Avraham Shifrin, published in 1980, and titled "The First Guidebook to Prisons and Concentration Camps of the Soviet Union." Written by a survivor of the camps, with the aid of hundreds of emigrés and Soviet dissidents, it is the first comprehensive geography of the Soviet prison world available in the West.

Intended primarily for scholars, it can be used as a "guidebook" to rights some of the official tourist itinerary. For instance: "Psychiatric Hospital No. 3, Udelnaya, Leningrad region. Special KGB wards are maintained here. Public transportation: Take bus No. 75 to Ozerki stop; or the electric train from the Finland Station."

In the index in Mr. Shifrin's "Concentration Camps" can be found: "Rezekne." Grotesquely, Greenbelt's sister city seems to be part of the Gulag Archipelago, and, according to Mr. Shifrin's book, the site of both a slave-labor camp and a KGB prison. It is part of the gulag's Latvian section, which is renowned for its brutality.

Greenbelt had stumbled against an uncomfortable fact of Soviet life. The fault for the fiasco lay not with the Greenbelters, a group of amateurs, but with Ground Zero, which failed to check out Rezekne before recommending it as a place to establish a sister city relationship with a population under 50,000, and

MEANWHILE

town. In 1984, it proposed that Greenbelt, in the interests of Soviet-American friendship, establish a "sister city" relationship with a similar town in the Soviet Union. With the help of the anti-nuclear group Ground Zero, it came up with a place apparently just like Greenbelt: relatively small, with a lake, near a major railroad line. The town, in Soviet Latvia, was Rezekne.

Gail Drake, the head of the Peace Committee, proposed Rezekne to the Greenbelt City Council on March 2, 1984. The council duly made it official. They invited Rezekne to become Greenbelt's sister city and authorized the dispatch of official and unofficial greetings to its government and people.

The problem was that there was never any response to Greenbelt from Rezekne: nothing, for two years. This March, Miss Drake, as coordinator of the project, took action. In Moscow with a delegation of U.S. physicians, she sought out Yuri Menshikov, secretary of relations between Soviet and foreign cities. Mr. Menshikov was pleasant enough but firm. It was against Soviet policy to establish sister-city relations with places with populations under 50,000, and

which to seek sanctuary in a country which is responsible for starting the war with Iran shows a serious lack of understanding of nationalist Iranian sentiment and is also a blatant affront to all those who have fought so bravely to defend Iranian soil from invaders.

The sort of retribution that awaits Mr. Rajavi and his cronies is very similar to that which was handed out to French politicians who betrayed France by collaborating with Nazi Germany.

B.HOOMAN, London.

A Double Standard

Everyone clapped and said it was great when Ronald Reagan bombed terrorist installations in Libya. Everyone screamed and said it was reprehensible when P.W. Botha bombed the ANC terrorists who are trying to destroy South Africa. Apparently South Africa has no right to defend itself.

DORIS RICKEL, Villeneuve-sur-Lot, France.

An Iranian Goes to Iraq

As an Iranian patriot fighting for the liberation of my country from the yoke of religious tyranny, it came as a shock to read about Massoud Rajavi's decision to go to Iraq following his expulsion from France. My initial reaction was one of contempt and dismay. His decision to seek sanctuary in a country

JEFFREY HOGREFE, New York.

Will Is Wrong About Cuba

Not long ago, a reader's letter described one of George Will's columns from Moscow as "bordering on the silly." So does much of his piece on Radio Marti and Cuba (June 9).

Visitors to that island come away with impressions of Cubans as anything but "utterly passive." One described them as "the most joyously nationalistic people in the world," and went on to say that Cubans laugh more. If they are listening to a soap opera beamed their way by Uncle Sam they are sure to have a good laugh. Maybe Mr. Will would do better to keep his wit turned on Capitol Hill.

LEE WEINGARTEN, Geneva.

An Unacceptable Review

In your April 9 edition, Frank Getlein reviewed my book, "Wholly Unacceptable: The Bitter Battle for Sotbey's." The review was so unfair and unprofessional I felt compelled to write to you.

The entire first half of Mr. Getlein's review deals not with the substance of the book but with the citing of throw-away sentences to demonstrate what the reviewer considers the linguistic and factual "imprecisions" of my writing.

Evidently Mr. Getlein's conception of writing is too fine for rhetorical devices to penetrate. No, I did not mean that the rich had "musical wallets" when I wrote that the "salesroom hums with the sound of wallets opening and closing."

He achieves his coup de grace by pointing out that the characters in my book, in contrast to my writing, are "allegedly" people of "exquisite taste —

In Defense of Wimbledon: Not an 'Oligarchy of Prigs'

In "Rugby Puzzlement: To Stay Amateur, Be Less So" (May 3), I saw a reference to "that self-perpetuating oligarchy of prigs, the All England Lawn and Tennis Club." While this is stated to be a quotation from The Observer of London, it is unfortunate that you should have repeated a tasteless slander, in all probability invented by a journalist whose application for membership of the club was refused.

I am not a member of the club, but I know personally all the tennis-playing members from the chairman downward, and I know of none who could justifiably be called "prigs."

Membership of the club is limited to 375 members. To their great credit, they have never made any attempt to enrich themselves, and all the profits from the championships are handed over to the

Lawn Tennis Association to be used for the benefit of lawn tennis.

Until recently, Queens Club was a ramshackle, broken-down club to which it was impossible to invite foreigners without a feeling of shame. Thanks to the generosity of the All England Club, which has provided more than £1 million (\$1.5 million), it has been improved to such an extent that London now has a club of which it can be proud.

This is only one of the many ways in which the All England Club and its unpaid, hardworking committee devote themselves to the good of the game. Perhaps in any future reference to the club you might care to do it justice instead of repeating malicious attacks on its good name.

E. LOWDEN, Juan-les-Pins, France.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

After the Slump in Oil Prices, the Economic Decline of Gulf Nations Will Be Rapid

More dramatic events and effects are occurring in the Gulf than are described in Paul Lewis's report, "Oil Slump Causes Gulf to Take Stock" (June 3). Many observers seem to hold the unconscious belief that the Gulf states can weather the present financial setback by simply temporarily cutting back on expansion plans and shrinking the number of their guest workers to the minimum. Such a resting would presuppose the existence of a developed capability to carry on operations by a national labor management staff that does not

exist. These people have never been trained, or even adequately motivated, to run a high-tech enterprise. To state one obvious fact: Ten to 20 years is a short time, in the best of circumstances, in which to learn the ingrained skills of the industrialized countries even when personnel are thoroughly motivated. The Gulf's multi-billion-dollar infrastructure is no more capable of being sustained in working order by its nationals than is a complex Christmas toy by its owner. The speed in which this splendid toy

will deteriorate will surprise many people within the next year or two. Experienced observers on the scene have already noted this effect in the last year. A reasonable parallel can be made to the experience of much of Africa when the winds of change swept the professional managers (colonialists) from those lands. The effect in the Gulf states will be far more rapid and dramatic due to the orders of magnitude of size of structures and infrastructures put in place. VICTOR E. BRAMPTON, London.

—surely the ultimate in manipulation of opinion by scaremongering.

Animal rights seems to be one of the great moral crusades of the century and I would have hoped a fine newspaper would have treated the issue with more vision. Surely the medical establishment has enough power as it is.

BRADLEY WINTERTON, Taped.

et's Have More Tapes

France, and Europe, need more Bernard Tapie ("Business Profile: Bernard Tapie, Showman in Business," June 14), despite the successful efforts by Jacques elors and the European Commission, and dynamic entrepreneurs, the dust will lie thick on the entrenched British European business leadership. Innovation and entrepreneurship lack tradition in European industry and banking, despite the efforts of the European Venture Capital Association and other such organizations.

Institutional change comes slowly. We need the movers and shakers who are willing to take risks, challenge the establishment and present new ideas. Mr. Tapie seems to be one of these — a fish breeze in a stuffy atmosphere. May is enterprise and showmanship set an example for other young idea people to save their security blankets behind and at out there and create wealth and jobs. EUGENE SCHULMAN, Geneva.

Israeli Democracy at Risk

Regarding the opinion column "Time for autonomy on the West Bank" (June 6): Gad Yaacobi's comments on Israel asking to be "democratic" are not only

justified but understated. Israel is becoming a dual society with a large segment of second-class citizens who will soon become an oppressed majority. There is a striking resemblance to the challenged South African apartheid system. Supporters of a Jewish-Zionist state and opponents of a democratic Israel are carrying the day.

A continuation of this impasse would eventually lead to the victory of clericalism in Israel. Coupled with the rise of fundamentalism in the Moslem Arab world, it would thus lead to the transformation of the Arab-Israeli conflict into a Moslem-Jewish one, and, eventually, to further bloodshed.

FADI KHALED AGHA, London.

History Repeated in Cyprus

I draw your attention to a 1911 item ("In Our Pages 75 and 50 Years Ago," June 11) entitled "A New Macedonia," regarding the introduction of Moslem immigrants from Bosnia and Herzegovina by the Turkish regime to Macedonia by the thousands. The item states that "this artificially stimulated invasion, in which men and women are handled like so many cattle," was designed "to 'Turkize' Macedonia to such an extent that a Moslem majority may be

assured over the Christians who have been numerically greater."

The great powers of that time did nothing then to stop this forced invasion — after the Balkan wars of 1912 and 1913, World War I and the Greek-Turkish War of 1922-23 — through the exchange of populations between Greece and Turkey under the terms of the Treaty of Lausanne in 1923.

The same is happening today in Cyprus, a country experiencing foreign military occupation under the indifferent gaze of the whole world. How is the problem to be solved this time?

T.L. CHRYSANTHOPOULOS, Aeghion, Greece.

A Word for Animal Rights

Your report "Medical Research and the Animal Rights Debate" (June 12) was enormously disappointing. As so often, what was billed as a report on a controversy turned out to be a piece championing the views of one side.

No one from the animal rights movement was interviewed, and the vivisectionist doctor whose views you represented so extensively could not resist suggesting that lab animals released by activists might bring acquired immune deficiency syndrome, or AIDS, into the community

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Deutsche Bank at a glance (Dec. 31, 1985):

Table with 2 columns: Metric and Value. Metrics include Total Assets, Capital & Reserves, Nos. of Securities Accounts handled, Market value of securities accounts, and Stockholders.

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U.S. Says Local Leaders Head List of South Africa Detainees

By Leslie H. Gelb
New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — The single largest group of detainees in South Africa are local township leaders from citizen associations and youth groups, according to Reagan administration officials.

They also said Friday that the other major targets had been middle-level officials of the United Democratic Front, the largest opposition group inside the country opposing apartheid; the Soweto Youth Congress; the Azanian People's Organization; and many trade union and church leaders.

Administration officials and private human rights groups estimated that the South African government had so far jailed 2,000 to 4,000 people.

These officials said that the number of detainees was rising as the government-imposed state of emergency continued.

Chester A. Crocker, the assistant secretary of state for African affairs, said in an interview, "We have been registering our views about this through diplomatic channels, but have not been very effective."

He added that the Pretoria authorities had "a full sense of how we feel, but they have struck a def-

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News From South Africa: The Case of a Dead Boy

By Glenn Frankel
Washington Post Service

JOHANNESBURG — A soldier accidentally shot to death a 4-year-old child, probably a girl, in Soweto on Tuesday while chasing a riot suspect, the South African government said.

But the victim's father says the child was a 9-year-old boy and that the first version of the incident given by officials to his wife was that a soldier had mistaken the boy for a dog.

It was only one death in the past week, during which at least 54 persons have been killed because of civil unrest. Details about those deaths have come almost exclusively from the government, which has clamped tight new emergency restrictions on press coverage while assuring reporters that, in the words of one spokesman, it would provide "full, fair and factual" information.

But some of the facts provided for the first time Friday by the government were wrong, and others seemed omitted in the official version of the killing of Dumisane Mbatsha.

David Steward, a spokesman for the Bureau for Information, the only state agency authorized to disclose news during the state of emergency, said at the daily press briefing that the child was inadvertently shot "when warning shots fired in pursuit of a suspect penetrated a corrugated iron fence and struck the child."

Mr. Steward would not comment when asked why the warning shots were fired at a fence rather than in the air and blamed problems in "the lines of communication" for the fact that it took the government four days to disclose the incident, which, he said, the police were still investigating.

The name of the victim was not disclosed and journalists are barred from such black townships as Soweto. But a black journalist discovered the child's name and address; the house has no telephone. A neighbor with the same last name, contacted by phone, agreed to fetch Johannes Mbatsha, Dumisane's father, who called two reporters on Friday night to give his account of the shooting.

He said his wife, Elizabeth, was first told that the soldier had denied shooting the boy but claimed to have found his body in the yard. It was only when a soldier was asked by a superior to explain why two of his bullets were missing that he conceded firing the shots.

Later, Mr. Mbatsha said, an officer told his wife that the soldier had thought he was shooting at a dog. "They said they were shooting a dog," said Mr. Mbatsha, "but it wasn't a dog, it was my son."

Suit later, Mr. Mbatsha said, the officer told him that the soldier had been chasing another man. "They caught the man," he said, "so I don't know why they had to shoot my little one."

The officer offered to pay his son's funeral costs if he would remain silent about the incident, according to Mr.

Mbatsha. He said the officer had given him 575 rand (\$245) to buy a coffin for the funeral.

"They said they were very sorry for the death, but they're trying to frighten me," said Mr. Mbatsha, who is an unemployed laborer.

Mr. Mbatsha said he believes the soldier should have been able to see his son through the fence. He said his wife works as a janitor for a soldiers' mess in a barracks near Soweto. "It's so sick she has not gotten up yet," said Mr. Mbatsha, another spokesman for the information bureau, said Friday night that the bureau's report on the killing had been based on facts supplied by the security forces.

"We gave out the information we were given," he said, "if the parents confirm that that's the age and sex, then of course we'll go along with it."

"We do check things out but we haven't got the staff to check everything," Mr. Mellet added. "We have to rely on the information given us."

At the briefing earlier Friday, Mr. Steward was asked how journalists could be free of the bureau's information when it came late and often seemed incomplete or even false.

Mr. Steward said the agency had sought to release the facts on the killing even though the incident might cause the government in less than a favorable light.

He said that "if you don't want to believe" the government's version, "you don't have to."

BAN: Groups Restricted

(Continued from Page 1)

An easing of restrictions on Saturday on reporters entering black townships.

Under the emergency decrees, sweeping press restrictions, reporters had been banned from black areas. That meant black newspaper editors could not send reporters to their own home areas to cover such events as boxing unless they got police permission.

The announcement on Saturday, while easing that restriction, made it clear that reporters still could not write about any violence or unrest they might see during visits to black townships.

The emergency decree continues to ban reporting on the behavior or deployment of security forces and empowers any police officer or soldier to order a reporter, or anybody else, out of any area in the country.

Further adding to the police powers Friday, South Africa's white-dominated President Pieter Both announced that he would allow the authorities to detain people without trial for six months and to declare what are known as "black areas."

One such area is so designated, the authorities can draw up any regulations they see fit to counter unrest. Critics say the new laws give the government the power to declare ad hoc emergencies in particular areas without risking the international and domestic criticism that followed the imposition of a national emergency.

South African political commentators now speculate that, under the new measures, President Both may be able to end the national state of emergency and act against protest and violence in limited areas.



A man identified as Bogdan Charyton on Polish television.

SPY: Poland Steps Up Attacks

(Continued from Page 1)

The State Department dismissed this assertion, but the Polish official media have kept the story alive with articles and commentaries.

Mr. Urban has also made frequent statements since last month about an officially backed plan to send thousands of sleeping bags and blankets to New York for the city's homeless. The initiative has been accompanied by media reports about the problem of homelessness in the United States and the Reagan administration's alleged lack of concern for the poor.

Other public-relations moves in the last two weeks have included the preparation of a new report on the government's estimate of damage caused by U.S. economic sanctions against Poland since 1981, plans by state television to broadcast a film depicting pornography and eccentric behavior by Americans, and a further assertion by Mr. Urban that the U.S. Embassy in Warsaw may have known the whereabouts of Zbigniew Bujak, the underground chief of Solidarity, before his arrest on May 31.

ARMS: Soviet Indicates Flexibility

(Continued from Page 1)

The approach contains a major contradiction.

In the Geneva talks on strategic weapons, the United States has proposed a ban on long-range mobile missiles. In the talks on medium-range weapons, the United States has outlined some measures to verify limits on U.S. and Soviet mobile missiles. The missiles covered in these talks include the three-warhead Soviet SS-20, the U.S. ground-launched cruise missile and the Pershing-2 missile.

The administration says publicly that a ban on long-range mobile missiles is needed because of verification problems. But Central Intelligence Agency experts are said to believe verification measures can be worked out for some types of long-range mobile missiles, such as the SS-25.

The U.S. proposal for a ban was partly a negotiating tactic, reflecting the concern that the Soviet Union is ahead of the United States in long-range mobile missiles, some officials say. The U.S. mobile missile, the Midgetman, is still in the early developmental stage.

In any event, U.S. intelligence reports suggest that the Russians view long-range mobile missiles as an important component of their future strategic forces and that they will not agree to a total ban.

A classified CIA analysis, dated Nov. 1, concluded that the Soviet Union would see the U.S. call for a ban on long-range mobile missiles as a move that would destabilize the strategic balance because it would render the Soviet nuclear forces more vulnerable to attack.

Officials said that Soviet verification concepts for long-range mobile missiles largely mirror those mentioned by the United States for medium-range missiles. This is seen by American officials partly as a negotiating ploy to rebut the administration's argument for a ban on long-range mobile missiles.

CONTRA: Aid Abuse Alleged

(Continued from Page 1)

had access showed they actually had been bought for \$160 each. "The rifles weren't any good," said. "They didn't have any clips. They were so old they didn't need ammunition for them anymore."

Publicly, the Reagan administration has denied charges of corruption among the rebels.

"What we know is that good paid for are getting to the troops in the field," said Robert W. Kahn, spokesman for the State Department's Bureau of Inter-American Affairs. "We know this through a variety of means, including intelligence. We have absolutely no information that money is being spent."

Except for Mr. Suh's first-hand descriptions, much of the other officers' evidence was circumstantial. But it dovetailed with findings made public more than a week ago by the General Accounting Office in Washington that millions of dollars had disappeared without a certainty that they had been spent on supplies for the rebels.

Some had gone into individual accounts in offshore banks, but accountants reported, and some of the armed forces of Honduras is cluding a \$450,000 payment to a commander in chief of the Honduran military.

In some cases, the account officer's figures for the quantities of items said to have been purchased were so high that when the largest officers were told about them, they reacted with snickers and smiles.

During four months from October to February, for example, a total of 62,120 belts was listed along with 6,000 sets of suspenders, 50,000 canteens and 53,576 pairs of boots. According to the administration's official figures, there are 15,000 to 20,000 rebels.

The disident officers fault their own commanders more than the United States and they made criticism of Mr. Reagan. They said that he was being kept in the dark about the problems.

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Herald Tribune

Commit Leaders Vow to Push for an Economic Recovery

U.S. officials said they had reports of the police beating people during arrests, but no reports of physical abuse of people in detention. "We can't say they are or are not torturing people," a State Department official said.

State Department officials said that four Americans who had been detained by the South African police had been released.

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U.S., Soviet Met On Atomic Terror

United Press International

BONN — Washington and Moscow have discussed measures to counter the possible use of nuclear weapons by terrorists, Secretary of State George P. Shultz said in an interview released Sunday.

"We are dealing with many aspects of the nuclear problem," he told the newspaper Die Welt late last week. "We are addressing the possibility that terrorists have atomic weapons. We have talked to the Soviet Union about this and we are seeking all conceivable ways to reduce risks in the nuclear field."

According to the newspaper, "risk reduction centers" was proposed as a solution to countering nuclear terrorism, but he did not explain the term.

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ROMEO & JULY ESCORT
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Tel: London Tel: 229 5153

LONDON ESCORT AGE
Tel: 935 5339.

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Tel: 01-821 0283

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Tel: 01-850114

LONDON ESCORT
Tel: 370 7151.

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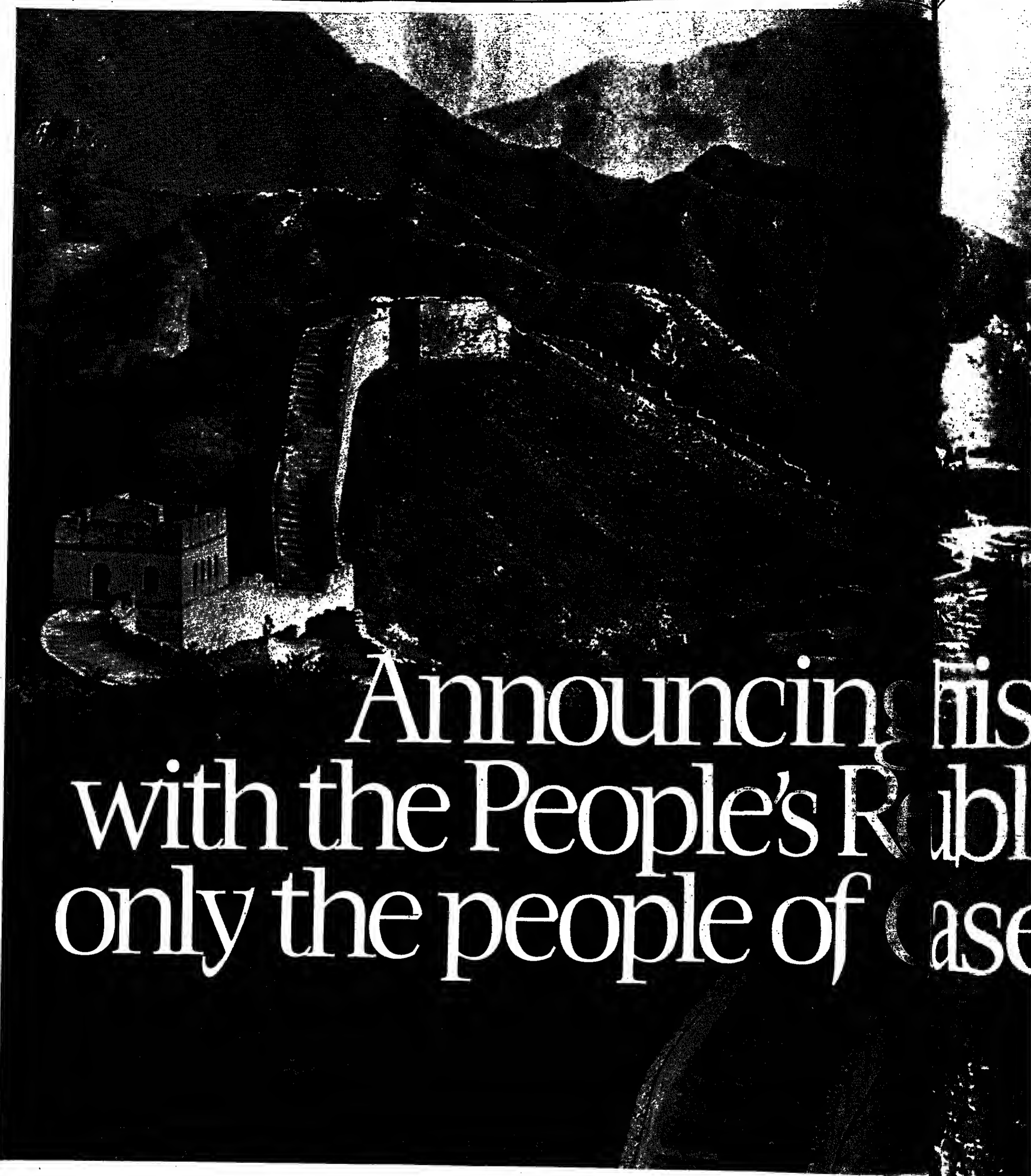
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Announcing this with the People's Ruble only the people of Case

There are currently over 50 major investment and commercial banks in the world.

Of that number, a mere handful were selected to submit proposals for financing a massive electrical power project for Huaneng International Power Development Corporation to meet the future needs of the People's Republic of China.

And of that handful, Chase emerged as the lead bank. Because it offered a combination of characteristics no other

bank in the world possessed.

First of all, there was Chase's strength and size. And its true global network. Important because the financing would eventually involve multi-national participants, including a syndication of 19 banks.

Chase also offered specialized knowledge in the power generation industry. This was invaluable to General Electric, a long-standing client, and the company that put the consortium together.

Chase was also able to provide an

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In historic deal Public of China that of nase could bring off.

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effective integration of commercial and investment banking skills (an approach which is fast becoming a model for the industry).

And, of course, there were the Chase people. People with expertise in all fields, from swaps to trade finance to electronic banking to mergers and acquisitions. People capable of working in partnership with their clients and each other. A network of bankers able to act quickly.

This total global banking capability

that integrates size, international network, specialized industry knowledge and the broadest range of investment banking products is what sets Chase apart from other financial institutions in the world. It's why we were selected for the China project, and other commercial and investment banks weren't.

Fully integrated global banking capability. Experience it for yourself on your next deal.

No matter how complex it may be, one thing is simple. Which bank to choose.



Weekly International Bond Prices

Provided by Credit Suisse First Boston Securities, London, Tel: 01-623-1277. Prices may vary according to market conditions and other factors.

RECENT ISSUES

Table of recent bond issues with columns for Country, Security, Maturity, and Price.

STRAIGHT BONDS All Currencies Except DM

Table of straight bonds for various countries including Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom.

FRANCE

Table of French bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

GERMANY

Table of German bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

ICELAND

Table of Icelandic bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

IRELAND

Table of Irish bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

ITALY

Table of Italian bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

JAPAN

Table of Japanese bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

MEXICO

Table of Mexican bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

MISCELLANEOUS

Table of miscellaneous bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

NETHERLANDS

Table of Dutch bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

NEW ZEALAND

Table of New Zealand bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

NORWAY

Table of Norwegian bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

SOUTH AFRICA

Table of South African bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

SPAIN

Table of Spanish bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

FINLAND

Table of Finnish bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

SWEDEN

Table of Swedish bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

SWITZERLAND

Table of Swiss bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

UNITED STATES AMERICA

Table of US bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

SUPRANATIONAL

Table of supranational bonds with columns for Security, Maturity, and Price.

HIGHEST YIELDS to Average Life Below 5 Years

Table of high-yield bonds with a life below 5 years.

HIGHEST YIELDS to Average Life Above 5 Years

Table of high-yield bonds with a life above 5 years.

HIGHEST CURRENT YIELDS

Table of high-current-yield bonds.

FOREIGN TARGETED BONDS OF THE U.S. TREASURY AND ITS AGENCIES

Table of US foreign-targeted bonds.

DM STRAIGHT BONDS

Table of DM straight bonds.

AUSTRALIA

Table of Australian bonds.

INDIA

Table of Indian bonds.

IRELAND

Table of Irish bonds.

ITALY

Table of Italian bonds.

JAPAN

Table of Japanese bonds.

MEXICO

Table of Mexican bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS

Table of miscellaneous bonds.

NETHERLANDS

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Table of Finnish bonds.

FRANCE

Table of French bonds.

GERMANY

Table of German bonds.

HUNGARY

Table of Hungarian bonds.

ICELAND

Table of Icelandic bonds.

AUSTRIA

Table of Austrian bonds.

CANADA

Table of Canadian bonds.

DENMARK

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MEXICO

Table of Mexican bonds.

WESTLB

WestLB advertisement text: Eurobonds, DM Bonds, Schuldscheine for dealing prices call.

DÜSSELDORF

Westdeutsche Landesbank, Head Office, P.O. Box 1128, 4000 Düsseldorf 1.

LONDON

Westdeutsche Landesbank, 41, Moorgate, London EC2R 6AE/UK.

LUXEMBOURG

WestLB International S.A., 32-34, boulevard Grande-Duchesse Charlotte.

HONG KONG

Westdeutsche Landesbank, BA Tower, 36th Floor, 12 Harbour Road.

MARKETMAKERS IN DEUTSCHMARK BONDS

WestLB Westdeutsche Landesbank logo and contact information.

Vertical text on the left margin: Cal Res, Mary, HO, THE, MA, TH, RO, R.F, S, I for, 34 ruc

Vertical text on the right margin: EUROBOND, WestLB logo, MARKETMAKERS IN DEUTSCHMARK BONDS, WestLB Westdeutsche Landesbank

EUROBONDS

Coming Up With New Ideas To Stir a Cautious Market

By CARL GEWIRTZ International Herald Tribune PARIS — With investors on strike, waiting for clearer signals on where interest and currency rates will settle...

SEK sold two bonds representing put and call options on the Nikkei index of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, and now Mitsui & Co. is offering a three-year call option on the New York Stock Exchange composite index.

Analysts assume Mitsui has privately sold a similarly structured put option, leaving the company no exposure to a rise in NYSE stock prices.

The index, which ended last week at 141.65, would have to rise about 20 percent, to 170, before purchasers would get back more money — 1.4 percent — than they had paid to buy the bonds.

Analysts said the offering was "clever," but they disputed whether the pricing offered a fair return to purchasers.

Another gimmick launched last week was the step-down coupon in the floating-rate market. Two such issues were marketed, \$100 million for Hill Samuel, the British merchant bank, and \$150 million for Banco de Bilbao.

Both institutions paid generously to sell long-dated paper. But for a market that looks only to the next interest payment date, a coupon of 50 basis points, or ½ percent, appeared over Libor when most FRNs pay only a fraction of that was an eye-popper.

The Bank of China had no problem marketing its \$200 million of 10-year notes bearing a margin of 1/16 point over Libor because every financial institution that wants to do business with

Last Week's Markets All figures are as of close of trading Friday

Table with columns for Stock Indexes, Money Rates, and Currency Rates. Includes data for US, UK, Japan, West Germany, and Hong Kong.

Currency Rates

Table showing currency rates for various countries including Australia, Canada, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Japan, and the UK.

Table titled 'Taking Part in Takeovers' listing three leveraged buyouts: Jack Ecker Corp., Sheller-Globe, and Avondale Mills, including their acquirers, prices, and equity investments.

On Wall Street, Advisers Become Buyers

By James Sterngold NEW YORK — Wall Street firms have raked in hundreds of millions of dollars as advisers in takeovers in recent years, and some have even dabbled in corporate buyouts themselves.

People Cuts Fares 30% in Most Markets

By Agis Salpukas NEW YORK — In an unusual move that is indicative of its problems, People Express Inc. has cut its fares by about 30 percent in most of its markets.

Manila to Promote Foreign Investment

Agence France-Press MANILA — The Philippines plans to allow foreign investors to buy equity in government-controlled companies to help pay off the country's foreign debt.

Italy's CIR Signs Agreement To Manage Valeo of France

Reuters IYREA, Italy — CIR SpA, an Italian financial holding company, will manage Valeo, France, the French car-parts maker, under an agreement reached in Paris, CIR has announced.

FTC Bars Coke, Pepsi Purchases Of Rival Firms

By Nathaniel C. Nash NEW YORK Times Service WASHINGTON — The U.S. government has blocked Coca-Cola Co. and PepsiCo Inc. from buying two smaller soft-drink companies because the mergers could substantially reduce competition.

Bearish Bent Seen in Wall Street's Buying Frenzy

By Kenneth N. Gilpin NEW YORK — The frenzy of buying near the end of Friday's "triple witching hour" on Wall Street does not mean that the big institutional traders are feeling good about the market.

Recovery Signs Seen in Malaysia

Agence France-Press KUALA LUMPUR, Malaysia — The Malaysian economy, which has been battered by price slumps in world commodity markets, is beginning to show signs of recovery, according to the governor of the central bank.

INTERNATIONAL POSITIONS You will find below a listing of job positions published last Thursday under the rubric International Positions.

Table listing international job positions with columns for Title, Salary, and Employer. Includes roles like Int'l Procurement Officer, Manager, and Senior Int'l Auditor.

New Eurobond Issues

Compiled by Nicole Baruch from information supplied by European bond traders.

Table with columns: Issuer, Amount (millions), Mat., Coup. %, Price, and Terms. Includes sections for Floating Rate Notes, ED-Coupon, and Warrants.

Prices Revive On Inflation Data in U.S.

By Susan F. Rasky. News about inflation that was better than expected helped revive spirits in the U.S. credit markets last week...

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

Most forecasters had anticipated. But market analysis said the numbers were sufficient to convince traders that they had probably overreacted Thursday when prices tumbled in response to more bearish economic data...

By late Friday, the price on the Treasury's key 7 1/2 percent, 30-year bond was at 97 24/32, up 28/32 from Thursday's close, to yield 7.44 percent...

U.S. Consumer Rates

Table listing various consumer rates: Passbook Savings (5.50%), Tax Exempt Bonds (7.82%), Money Market Funds (6.38%), Bank Money Market Accounts (6.25%), Home Mortgages (10.46%).

European Commercial Paper: A New 'Safe Haven'

By Carl Gewirtz. PARIS—Once upon a time, not so very long ago, bond markets were considered the safe haven where widows and orphans could invest their savings and never have to worry.

But an explosion in liquidity, with more cash around than adequate outlets to absorb it, has turned the once-sedate bond markets into a playground for speculators looking for a quick profit by buying today, selling tomorrow and buying again the day after.

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

differs from the CP market in that by buying short-term paper they take virtually no risk on capital. By contrast, in the bond market these days there's no telling where the price will be.

WALL STREET: Advisers Are Becoming Buyers

(Continued from first finance page) News units on the block because they do not fit into a company's overall strategy.

Most of the Wall Street houses have sought partners in their buyout investments, usually other large investors, to spread the risk and to build up a large enough war chest to carry off large transactions.

IBM, PepsiCo, Unilever, Thyssen, Fiat and Nestlé. This week, General Motors Acceptance Corp. is to begin tapping the market for up to \$2 billion.

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

The latest to announce Euro CP programs are Okobank of Finland, which has appointed Citicorp, Morgan Stanley and Swiss Bank Corp. to market up to \$150 million of notes ranging in maturity from seven days to one year...

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

investors give up some income: yields on CP are below the yields on longer-term bonds. However, the income on Euro CP exceeds what can be earned by buying U.S. Treasury bills (triple-A sovereign paper can pay one-half percentage point more than comparably dated Treasury bills) or placing funds on deposit with banks (a pickup of about 1/2 percent).

WALL STREET: Advisers Are Becoming Buyers

Like many others who have invested in these buyouts, the Wall Street firms expect to maintain their equity investments in these buyouts for short periods, generally no longer than five years, then cash in by selling the company to another buyer, or reoffering its shares to the public.

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banks — is more expensive than the Euro market, which explains why the rate of issuance is increasing for Euro CP as demand picks up.

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

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The commitment fee is 5 basis points for the first two years and 6 1/2 basis points thereafter.

INTERNATIONAL CREDIT

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Table with columns: AMEX Most Actives, AMEX Sales, AMEX Dividends. Lists various stocks and their performance metrics.

EUROBONDS: Coming Up With Something New

Continued from first finance page) China wants to be seen participating in the country's first Eurodollar offering. Three British banks, participating via affiliates outside Britain, were among the underwriters...

interest rates. Interest will be the lower of either three-month Libor plus 75 basis points or 20 1/2 percent minus three-month Libor. This works out so that if Libor is below 10 percent, investors earn Libor plus 1/4 point...

week. Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, the U.S. publisher and operator of theme parks, marked 1 million of the 4.29 million shares it is selling for distribution outside the United States.

Asians May Buy New Airbus Jets

SINGAPORE — Two Asian airlines, including Singapore Airlines, will be among the first purchasers of Airbus Industrie A-330 and A-340 jets to be delivered in 1991-92, according to informed sources.

Prudential's \$150 million of five-year notes, offered at 30 basis points over the Treasury curve, ended with a loss of 2 1/2 points to yield 50 basis points over the curve.

Treasury Bills

Table listing Treasury bill rates for various maturities: 270, 275, 280, 285, 290, 295, 300, 305, 310, 315, 320, 325, 330, 335, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 365, 370, 375, 380, 385, 390, 395, 400, 405, 410, 415, 420, 425, 430, 435, 440, 445, 450, 455, 460, 465, 470, 475, 480, 485, 490, 495, 500, 505, 510, 515, 520, 525, 530, 535, 540, 545, 550, 555, 560, 565, 570, 575, 580, 585, 590, 595, 600, 605, 610, 615, 620, 625, 630, 635, 640, 645, 650, 655, 660, 665, 670, 675, 680, 685, 690, 695, 700, 705, 710, 715, 720, 725, 730, 735, 740, 745, 750, 755, 760, 765, 770, 775, 780, 785, 790, 795, 800, 805, 810, 815, 820, 825, 830, 835, 840, 845, 850, 855, 860, 865, 870, 875, 880, 885, 890, 895, 900, 905, 910, 915, 920, 925, 930, 935, 940, 945, 950, 955, 960, 965, 970, 975, 980, 985, 990, 995, 1000.

Advertisement for BNL (Banca Nazionale del Lavoro) featuring the headline 'An Italian bank to be found the world over' and a large BNL logo.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION FOR THE BANK AND ITS SPECIAL CREDIT SECTIONS AS AT 31-12-1985. Includes financial data: TOTAL RESOURCES 92,250 (+8%), NET WORTH 2,731 (+33%), LOAN CONTINGENCY FUNDS 1,609 (+9%), TOTAL DEPOSITS IN ITALIAN LIRE & FOREIGN CURRENCY 79,115 (+6%), CASH LOANS IN ITALIAN LIRE & IN FOREIGN CURRENCY 64,150 (+14%), GROSS SURPLUS 775 (+29%), NET PROFIT 241 (+61%), GROUP STAFF 25,379, 1,503 OF WHICH EMPLOYED IN QUASI-BANKING COMPANIES.

NASDAQ National Market

OTC Consolidated trading for week ended Friday.

Table of NASDAQ National Market data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections like 'Last Week's NYSE' and 'NYSE Most Actives'.

WORLD STOCKS IN REVIEW / Via Agence France-Presse

Amsterdam

AMSTERDAM — The Amsterdam Stock Exchange, with an average daily volume of 800 million guilders, tumbled in a quiet performance last week. The general share index closed up 2.8, at 290.6.

The value of daily volume averaged 295.86 million Hong Kong dollars, up from 261.04 million dollars the previous week, which was also shortened by a holiday.

Investors last week focused on Unilever, and the price rose from 469 to 486.60 guilders on Friday afternoon. Fokker also showed a substantial rise, from 93.40 guilders to 98.50.

The week saw the introduction to the official market of Kempen & Co., after having been quoted for three years on the parallel market.

Frankfurt

FRANKFURT — Values on the Frankfurt exchange fell and strong profit-taking reversed an explosive start Monday, when blue-chip values increased 5 percent after the center-right victory in the Lower Saxony elections.

The Commerzbank Index dropped below 2000 to 1,913.3, down 64.8 points for the week. Total volume of transactions came to 2,559 billion Deutsche marks, down from 2,864 billion the previous week.

Among auto shares, only BMW was strong, gaining 16 DM to close at 591. Daimler-Benz lost 35 to 1,389, and Volkswagen 2.50 to 547.50. Machine goods also fared poorly, especially Linde, which lost 49 to 681.00, and KHD, down 9 to 230. Chemicals and department stores were generally stable.

Among banks, Dresdner Bank dropped 16.50.

Hong Kong

HONG KONG — Share prices on the Hong Kong exchange moved up moderately last week, but many dealers maintained a wait-and-see attitude.

The Hang Seng Index gained more than 15 points to close the holiday-shortened week at 1,781.04. The new Hong Kong Index gained 10.5 points to 1,110.27.

The value of daily volume averaged 295.86 million Hong Kong dollars, up from 261.04 million dollars the previous week, which was also shortened by a holiday.

Among leading shares, Swire Pacific 'A' gained 60 cents to 12.40; Hutchison, 50 to 29.40; and Cheung Kong, 40 to 20.80.

London

LONDON — The brighter tone that emerged toward the end of the previous week continued last week on the London Stock Exchange.

The Financial Times industrial share index reached its best level since early May, closing up 39.7 points on the week at 1,353.4.

An encouraging survey by the Confederation of British Industry, good company results and news of a sharp increase in industrial and manufacturing output in April were cited as reasons for the rise.

Among companies reporting last week, Guinness, Unigate, British Telecom and Dawson International all produced figures either on target or at the high end of expectations, but Apricot fell sharply after revealing heavy losses for last year.

Volume fell to 123,551, from 124,421 the previous week.

Milan

MILAN — The Milan bourse continued to decline last week, with the FTSE index registering a 7.7 percent drop.

The week started firmly Monday, the close of the month for traders, with values rising 2.2 percent. But the market's current slide resumed Tuesday, with a 0.9 percent drop, and Wednesday, when values slumped 4.2 percent. The index continued to fall Thursday.

Mutual Funds

NEW YORK (UPI)—The following quotations, furnished by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the percentage change in the value of the fund since its last report.

Table of Mutual Funds data, including columns for fund names, bid/ask prices, and percentage changes.

to finish at 759.92, its highest level since November.

Average daily volume was 28 million units, with a value of 56 million Singapore dollars, compared with 26 million units valued at 52 million dollars the previous week. Thursday's volume of 36 million units valued at \$4 million dollars was the highest in 22 months.

STIA surged to 7.10, before closing the week at 6.95 for a 45-cent gain. F & N gained 80 cents to 7.50, and SPH gained 80 to 7.55. Finance stocks also saw impressive gains.

Paris

PARIS — The Paris Bourse showed dramatic movements last week, and losses were contained because of a decline in selling orders.

A reduction in the Bank of France's intervention rate to 7 percent, the lowest level since 1979, did not have the expected impact, and confidence was eroded by disappointing foreign trade and unemployment figures. But analysts said they saw a pickup in activity next month, with the intervention of foreign investors and managers of French trust funds.

French issues gained an average of almost 1 percent Monday but ran out of momentum on Tuesday, when they rose only 0.3 percent. Losses carried the day Wednesday, with a leading index declining 1 percent, and the market continued sluggish for the rest of the week.

Losses carried the day Wednesday, with a leading index declining 1 percent, and the market continued sluggish for the rest of the week.

The value of shares traded reached 39.9 billion francs, compared with the previous week's 35.38 billion. Most active among leading values were Total, with 117,611 shares traded, and Thomson with 41,396.

Singapore

SINGAPORE — The Stock Exchange of Singapore surged again in hectic trading last week, despite bouts of profit-taking, with investors buying on confidence that the market would remain bullish.

The Straits Times industrial index gained 63.8 points on the week

Tokyo

TOKYO — The Tokyo Stock Exchange shrugged off a shaky start and rallied strongly last week as institutional investors actively bought low-priced, giant-capital issues, driving key market barometers to highs.

The 225-stock Nikkei average gained 125.54 yen over the week to close at a record 17,403.13 yen Friday. The composite TSE index of all common stocks listed on the market's major sections recorded a solid weekly advance of 11.07 points to 1,344.56, also a record.

Trading was active, with daily volume averaging 968.8 million shares, up from 599.5 million the previous week. But the value of shares traded fell to an average of 514 billion yen from 599.5 billion yen a week earlier, as buying concentrated on low-price issues.

Zurich

ZURICH — Swiss stocks closed firmer last week, while foreign issues had a mixed performance.

The Societe de Banque Suisse index moved up from 626.9 the previous week, to 631.1.

Banks were well-supported, Banque Populaire Suisse gained 70 points to end at 2,500. Financial companies also had a good showing, as Oerlikon-Bührle bearers shares climbed 75 points, to 1,940.

Longines

Advertisement for Longines Conquest VHP watch, featuring an image of the watch and text describing its precision and quality.

SPORTS

SPORTS BRIEFS

World Marks Set in Long Jump, Hammer

TALLIN, Soviet Union (AFP) — Yuri Sedykh improved his own world hammer-throw record here Sunday, the day after East German Heike Dreschler bettered her women's long jump record at a dual track and field meet.

Sox Fire LaRussa, Name Fregosi Manager

CHICAGO (AP) — The Chicago White Sox fired manager Tony LaRussa late Friday and on Sunday named Jim Fregosi to succeed him.

Australia Defeats France in Rugby, 27-14

SYDNEY (Reuters) — Australia beat France, 27-14, in a rugby test match here Saturday. The French scored three tries — two by fullback Serge Blanco and one by center Philippe Sella — but Australia's forwards dominated and flyhalf Michael Lynagh kicked 23 points with six penalty goals, a drop and the conversion of a try by fullback David Campese.

Navratilova Winner at Eastbourne in 3 Sets

EASTBOURNE, England (UPI) — Martina Navratilova overcame Helena Sukova, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4, Saturday to win the Eastbourne tennis championship, the final warmup for Wimbledon, for the fifth straight year.

French Yacht Takes Trans-Atlantic Race

NEW YORK (NYT) — Royale, an 85-foot (25.90-meter) French catamaran, won a trans-Atlantic yacht race Saturday in Newport, Rhode Island.

Sutton Has Two-Shot Lead in Atlanta Golf

ATLANTA (UPI) — Hal Sutton, gunning for his fifth PGA victory in 12 months, shot a 5-under-par 67 to take a two-stroke lead after Saturday's third round of the Atlanta Classic golf tournament.

Clemens of Red Sox Runs Record to 13-0

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

BOSTON — Roger Clemens wasn't at his best, but he was good enough Saturday to become the

SATURDAY BASEBALL

seventh pitcher in major-league history to start a season with 13 straight victories.

walked loaded the bases in the Detroit ninth.

Cubs 8, Mets 6: In the National League, in New York, Keith Moreland put Jesse Orosco's 1-1 pitch over the left-field bleachers in the ninth as Chicago handed the Mets their third loss in four games.

GIANTS 7, ASTROS 1: In San Francisco, Chili Davis singled home a run in the first and doubled home

another in the fourth, raising his league-leading RBI total to 50 and pacing the Giants over Houston.

FRIDAY BASEBALL

squeeze. In the Giant fifth, with baserunner Bob Brier coming down the line from third, Blue branted a 2-1 pitch just to the right of the mound. Pitcher Bob Knepfer's only play was to first.

GIANTS 4, BLUE JAYS 2: In Toronto, Rickey Henderson walked to start the 10th, stole his 45th base of the season and scored on Ken Griffey's single. Mike Easler added a run-scoring insurance double.

INDIANS 7, TWINS 5: In Minneapolis, Tony Benazard and Brent Butler each drove in three runs as Cleveland held off Minnesota.

WHITE SOX 7, MARINERS 6: In Chicago, Carlton Fisk's two-run double keyed a four-run fourth and White Sox reliever Bill Dawley closed with four perfect innings.

ANGELS 4, ROYALS 3: In Kansas City, Missouri, Brian Downing and George Hendrick each drove in two runs to lead California to its fifth straight victory.

RANGERS 3, A'S 2: In Arlington, Texas, Charlie Hough struck out nine and walked two as Texas extended its home winning streak to a franchise-record 10 games.

TIGERS 4, BREWERS 3: In Milwaukee, Lon Whitaker's sacrifice fly scored the winning run after three

PISTONS 8, PHILLIES 6: In Philadelphia, Mike Heath drove in four runs, including two with a ninth-inning double, to lift St. Louis.

PADRES 8, DODGERS 7: In Los Angeles, rookie John Kruk's two-out single in the 14th scored Tim Lincecum

PIRATES 14, EXPOS 1: In Montreal, Johnny Ray and Bill Almon led a 17-hit attack with three RBIs each as Pittsburgh buried the Expos.

BRaves 7, Reds 6: In Cincinnati, Ozzie Virgil went 3-for-4 and drove in two runs, including the game-winner, as Atlanta ended a four-game losing streak.

Yankees 10, Blue Jays 8: In Toronto, Rickey Henderson doubled home Mike Pagliarulo with the game-winning run in the 10th. In the Blue Jay ninth, Dave Rightst had given up run-scoring singles to Damaso Garcia and Tony Fernandez and a two-out grand slam home run to George Bell that tied the game.

MARINERS 5, White Sox 3: In Chicago, Jim Fregosi sparked a four-run second with a double and homered in the third as Seattle spoiled Doug Rader's debut as the interim White Sox manager.

RANGERS 10, A's 7: In Arlington, Texas, Gary Ward sparked a nine-run explosion with a second-inning double and later hit an inside-the-park home run to help Texas beat Oakland.

ANGELS 6, ROYALS 2: In Kansas City, Missouri, Ruppert Jones led off the game with a homer and hit a two-run triple in the second to spark California over the Royals.

BREWERS 1, TIGERS 0: In Milwaukee, consecutive fourth-inning singles by Ernest Riles, Cecil Cooper and Ben Oglive produced the run that gave Tim Lincecum his first major-league shutout.

Expos 7, Pirates 2: In Montreal, Hubie Brooks went

4-for-4 with two RBIs and Tim Lincecum drove home two runs to lead the Expos.

Cardinals 9, Phillies 2: In Philadelphia, Bob Forsch, with his 135th career victory, moved into fifth place on the all-time St. Louis victory list ahead of the late Dizzy Dean.

Twins 9, Indians 8: In the American League, in Minneapolis, Kent Hrbek went 3-for-5, including a two-run double and his 17th home run of the season, as Minnesota got past Cleveland.

Orioles 14, Red Sox 3: In Boston, Tom O'Malley had three hits and drove in five runs to help Mike Boddicker become the league's second 10-game winner of the season.

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Crossword puzzle grid with numbers 1-31.

ACROSS and DOWN crossword clues including 'Knight's trainee', 'Spanish water', 'Astronaut compound', 'Ladies of Spain', 'Suzette', 'Pulitzer Prize', 'Fetich of films', 'Gaelic', 'Moccasin', 'Laundromat machine', 'Snow: Comb. form', 'Ivanhoe's lady', 'Three, in Taranto', 'Yorkshire river', 'Grammatical no-no', 'Umpire's call', 'Demeanor', 'Added condiments', 'Defense ditches', 'Double quartet', 'Expel from a country', 'Wastrels', 'French river', 'Handle clumsily', 'Tresacle', 'Ladies of Spain', 'Search vigorously', 'Neighbor of Poland', 'Counter-balance', 'Grouch', 'Furor', 'Down Under birds', 'Kind of trap', 'Jewish month', 'Assau silk supplier', 'A descendant of Shem', 'British miler', 'Sebastian'.

© New York Times, edited by Eugene Malachuk.

DENNIS THE MENACE comic strip showing Dennis and his dog Gidget.

JUMBLE word game with words like LYBUL, TELAH, ROWMAR, SAWURL and a cartoon about a sausage manufacturer.

WIZARD of ID comic strip.

WEATHER forecast for Europe, Asia, Africa, Latin America, North America, Middle East, and Oceania.

PEANUTS

PEANUTS comic strip featuring Snoopy and Woodstock.

BLONDIE comic strip featuring Blondie and Dag.

BEETLE BAILEY comic strip featuring Beetle Bailey and his boss.

ANDY CAPP comic strip featuring Andy Capp and his wife.

WIZARD of ID comic strip.

REX MORGAN comic strip featuring Rex Morgan and his wife.

GARFIELD comic strip featuring Garfield and his owner.

BOOKS

THIS IS THE WAY THE WORLD ENDS

By James Morrow, 319 pages, \$18.95. Henry Holt, 521 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10175.

Reviewed by Richard Eder.

"THINKING the unthinkable" is short-hand for how we contemplate the fact that humanity possesses weapons too awful to use, and yet may end up using them.

The phrase is a logical contradiction, and another one can be tacked onto it: It is impossible to think the unthinkable, and it is also necessary.

And so, paying suitable tribute to Jonathan Schell and Freeman Dyson and their predecessors, we have this fictional fantasy by James Morrow, faced with impossibility and necessity: Instead of thinking the unthinkable, Morrow cautions with it.

It is a very serious caper, though antic. Morrow lets his plot run away with him. Yet he achieves a lot. "This Is the Way the World Ends" is provocative most of the time and comes a good deal of the time, and it ends in blackness. Yet it is by no means black humor.

Morrow does not use absurdity to stave off despair, but embraces both.

In 1995, the U.S.-Soviet nuclear standoff is as frail as it is massive. Deterrence reigns, yet it is so fragile that the No. 1 U.S. growth industry is white survival-suits — blast-proof, burn-proof, radiation-proof, with built-in sanitary facilities and an automatic weapon.

George is innocent, reflective and candid. He is also, it turns out, Candide, although in a world where everything is for the worst. He lives in Wildgrove, Massachusetts, where he carves epitaphs on tombstones. He loves his wife and adores his small daughter, Holly. He would like to buy Holly a survival suit, but can't afford it. A mysterious old woman offers him one free, to be picked up in Boston, if he will compose a couple of epitaphs for her.

And as he drives back from Boston, the world ends, only three miles from home. So overstocked are the nuclear arsenals that the Soviet Union has targeted two missiles just for Wildgrove alone.

"The winter," Morrow writes, "which only that morning had smothered southern New England with snow, went away." George is blasted out of his van into an adjoining stream. "Alone on his back, he became driftwood.

"There will always be a culture, gentlemen," the tribunal president says. "When you boot-strap an entire planet, you cannot say 'Non me culpa' if some faulty computer chip, misfired war game, nuclear terrorist, would-be Napoleon, unmanageable crisis or incomprehensible event pulls the tipwire." She sentences them all to hanging.

The book does not quite end. George escapes briefly with a woman doctor; perhaps they will begin a new humanity. The plot's last convolutions are distractingly complex and somewhat forced. They have the advantage of providing more time for George, whose earnestness, pain and originality are one of the book's best strengths.

"This Is the Way the World Ends" is by no means a flawless fictionalization of final disaster, but it is an astute, highly engaging and finally moving one.

Richard Eder is on the staff of the Los Angeles Times.

BRIDGE section with a hand diagram and text.

وكان من الأهل

SPORTS

Goalie's Brilliance Leads France Over Brazil and Into Semifinals

By Nesha Starcevic

The Associated Press

GUADALAJARA, Mexico — At the end, after France won a dramatic penalty-kick shoot-out to end a brilliant match, there could be nothing but praise for both sides.

France, the European champion, ousted Brazil, 4-3, on penalty kicks Saturday and advanced to the semifinals of the World Cup soccer tournament against West Germany.

The Germans beat Mexico, 4-1, in another shoot-out on Saturday.

Luis Fernandez scored the decisive goal at the end of the penalty series, faking the Brazilian goalkeeper Carlos to the left and sending the ball to the right. That capped a magnificent contest in which goalies Carlos and Joel Bats of France were superb. Both attacks flowed and the passing was crisp.

"Brazil is a super team and to beat it here is a five-star performance," the French coach, Henri Michel, said.

Bats emerged as the biggest hero for France. He saved a penalty kick by Zico in the 73d minute of regulation time, then stopped Socrates on the first kick of the shoot-out.

The French captain, Michel Platini, had scored his team's goal 40 minutes into the match. But he almost spoiled his 31st birthday and nearly blew France's hopes when he shot over the crossbar on the fourth penalty kick by his team.

But Zico then missed, hitting the goal post and Fernandez, in turn, drove his kick home.

Brazil had been seeking an unprecedented fourth world title. Brazil last won the Cup in 1970.

In a pulsating match worthy of a World Cup final, France survived a tremendous Brazilian offensive that included a shot off the crossbar and another off the goalpost.

Although they tired in the extra time, the French had the best chance to win it when Bruno Bellone broke free. But Carlos came out of the net and bumped Bellone outside the penalty area. Referee Ioan Ioga of Romania did not signal any foul.

The game lived up to all expectations.

Brazil dented the French midfield, considered the best in the world, but lacked the punch in front of the goal to capitalize on numerous chances.

France made a number of uncharacteristic errors but held on with tenacity. France had fewer chances but some of them were the most dangerous.

Brazil, displaying great flair in the attack, took the lead in the 16th minute thanks to Careca, who scored his fifth goal of the tournament. Muller started a brilliant Brazilian move on the right and flicked the ball to Junior.

He found Careca alone on the left and the striker easily slammed the ball home from close range.

Five minutes from halftime, France became the first team to score against Brazil in the tournament.

Dominique Rocheteau broke through on the right and sent a curving crossing pass into the Brazilian area. Carlos failed in his attempt to clear the ball and Yannick Stopyra missed the header, but Platini beat Josimar to the ball and calmly netted it from close range.

France had the first big chance

in the next half when Jean Tigana dribbled past several defenders. But Carlos saved with a daring dive into the Frenchman's feet.

Brazil almost took the lead in the 70th minute, but Careca's header hit the crossbar.

Zico then came in for Muller and Brazil grew more threatening. Bats, often left dangerously exposed by his defense, produced a string of magnificent saves to thwart all Brazilian efforts.

Two minutes after coming on, Zico missed the penalty kick. Branco started the Brazilian move by intercepting a French pass, fed to Zico and ran almost the full length of the field to receive a perfect return pass.

Branco was alone and Bats had to bring him down. Zico took the kick but Bats read the shot to his right and palmed the ball away.

The French goalkeeper then held off the surging Brazilian attack. He stopped a Zico header from close range in the 82d minute, then dived into Josimar's feet two minutes later when the offensive-minded defender was alone in front of the French goal.



Luis Fernandez, erupting after his penalty kick beat Brazil.

Schumacher Saves West Germans

By Mike Collett

The Associated Press

MONTERREY, Mexico — The West German goalkeeper Harald Schumacher, villain of the 1982 World Cup, turned hero Tuesday when he made two saves in a penalty shoot-out to help his team knock out Mexico in this year's tournament.

The Germans won the sudden-death decider, 4-1, after a goalless quarterfinal match.

West Germany will face Argentina in Wednesday's semifinal Guadalajara in a rematch of their 1982 semifinal, which the Germans won, also on a penalty shoot-out.

On Saturday, the Colombian referee Jesus Diaz sent off Tomas Berthold, a West German midfielder, in the 65th minute and Javier Aguirre, a Mexican midfielder, for his second cautionable offense after 10 minutes of extra time.

Berthold got his marching orders for taking a swipe at Fernando Quirarte, who had tugged him back for at least five meters (5.4 yards) of a surging run down the sideline, while Aguirre was shown the red card for a blatant body-check that sent Lothar Matthaus sprawling.

Franz Beckenbauer, the West German coach, said afterward that "it was a highly physical game, and they play a type of soccer we are not used to in Europe."

Mexico's coach, Bora Milutinovic, said he was proud of his team but felt particularly disappointed to have lost on penalties.

With the capacity crowd of 44,000 at Universitario Stadium cheering almost every pass, the home team had everything in its favor. Yet it was reduced to niggling fouls, body-checks and play-acting in a bid to prevent

the West Germans from finding their rhythm.

But the Germans were far too strong in defense, and quicker in thought and movement of the ball.

The genuine scoring chances were few and far between.

In the penalty shoot-out, the second of the day but only the third in the 56-year history of the World Cup, the first three West German kicks found the mark.

Manned Negrete started off successfully for Mexico.

But Schumacher, vilified for allowing France's Patrick Batiston in the face during the 1982 semifinal, kicked away Quirarte's shot and saved Raul Servin's weak effort.

Then Pierre Littbarski, who entered the game with five minutes of extra time remaining, put the issue beyond Mexico's reach with his kick.

Maradona's 2 Goals Lead Argentina Past England



Diego Maradona bursts away from England's Terry Butcher during the first half of Argentina's 2-1 victory. Maradona scored twice in four minutes in the second half.

MEXICO CITY — The magic of Diego Maradona lifted Argentina to a 2-1 victory over England at Aztec Stadium on Sunday and a place in the semifinals of the World Cup.

The little maestro struck for goals in the 51st and 55th minutes as the Argentines scored an emphatic victory over an England team that fought hard but was ultimately outclassed.

England's goal came from Gary Lineker in the 80th minute. It was his sixth of the tournament, making him the leading scorer.

The victory earned Argentina a semifinal meeting with either Spain or Belgium on Wednesday.

Argentina last won the World Cup in 1978.

Maradona was contained by the England defense in the first half, but was outstanding after the interval.

His first goal was a piece of opportunism after the England defense got tangled up. His second came after a solo run that began in his own half and saw him beat four defenders before tapping the ball into the goal.

The match was the first between the two teams since the 1982 Falklands conflict, but both squads behaved impeccably despite the pressure. Referee Ali Benmacer of Tunisia controlled the game efficiently.

Only two players — one from each side — were cautioned.

There was scuffling between rival fans early in the second half. England fans threw plastic cups at the Argentine players as they walked in the tunnel after leaving the field.

England ended the game with a gritty fight.

Substitute John Barnes set up Lineker's goal and continued to pose problems down the flank for the Argentines.

His cross beat the Argentine defense with five minutes remaining, but Lineker narrowly missed an attempt at a headed goal and tumbled into the net as the ball squirted away.

Maradona's first goal came after Steve Hodge attempted to clear. The little forward dashed in to beat goalkeeper Peter Shilton and head the ball home.

But England's manager, Bobby Robson, complained, "It was obvious that Maradona had got his head to it, but his hand."

"That goal, which should never have been allowed, gave Argentina the edge," Robson said. "It was a bad refereeing decision and you don't expect one like that at World Cup level."

But the Argentine coach, Carlos Bilardo, said, "Maradona jumped and headed the ball — he didn't handle it."

COREBOARD

Baseball

Friday's and Saturday's Major League Line Scores

Table with columns for team abbreviations and scores. Includes sections for American League and National League results.

Major League Standings

Table showing league standings for American League and National League, including columns for team, wins, losses, and percentage.

World Cup Soccer

Results, Schedule

QUARTERFINALS: France 4, Brazil 3 (penalty kicks); West Germany 4, Mexico 2 (penalty kicks); Argentina 2, England 1 (penalty kicks); Spain 2, Belgium 0 (penalty kicks).

TV: Monday, June 23

Belgium: Excerpt of Spain vs. Belgium and excerpt of Netherlands vs. Poland. 8:15 P.M. (ERT). Belgium: World Cup report. 5:35 P.M. (BBC).

Transition

BASEBALL: CHICAGO — Named Rico Petrocelli manager of Los Angeles Dodgers, and replaced Duke Stinson to Philadelphia Phillies. CLEVELAND — Traded Neal Heaton, pitcher, to Minnesota for John Butcher, pitcher. ST. LOUIS — Traded Steve Yastler, pitcher, to Houston for Steve Peltz, pitcher, and Robert Oltz, first baseman; assigned both to Kansas City Athletics. NEW YORK — Released Steve Yastler, pitcher, from Yankees; released Steve Peltz, pitcher, to Philadelphia Phillies; released Steve Yastler, pitcher, to Houston; released Steve Peltz, pitcher, to Philadelphia Phillies. NATIONAL LEAGUE: CHICAGO — Released Steve Yastler, pitcher, from Yankees; released Steve Peltz, pitcher, to Philadelphia Phillies; released Steve Yastler, pitcher, to Houston; released Steve Peltz, pitcher, to Philadelphia Phillies.

Brazil's Loss May Herald Departure of Santana, Aging Stars

GUADALAJARA, Mexico — The Brazilian coach, Tel Santana, indicated he would be stepping down after the loss to France, and paid tribute to the French team.

"The French were far more tired than my team at the end of the match; they gave their all in a magnificent way," he said Saturday. "The only consolation for me is that my last match as manager was an epic, a game to be remembered."

Santana said that his players could not have done more.

"They gave everything I asked of them. Tactically, they followed the plan to the letter in neutralizing the French midfield. I can't fault them, nor can I explain why the three greatest soccer players in the world, Zico, Socrates and Junior are all over 30."

Junior, who will be 32 next Sunday, said: "For a whole generation the last hope of winning the World Cup has gone out the window. It's so cruel. This was the crunch match, the real final. France must win the trophy now."

Zico, 33, said: "The French deserve to go through but I don't feel we deserve to go out. I will dream about that penalty miss for a long time."

France proved they are a great team," Pelé said. "They play the ball beautifully with a pure and delicate touch. For five years they have been able to prepare for this moment with a nucleus of fine players."

"Tel Santana has only had four months to find the ideal formula with Brazil and it just has not been enough," the former Brazilian star said. "Taking into account Brazil's lack of preparation, I think they have a great future especially with players coming through of the caliber of Zico, Socrates and Junior."

Chedid said it was "suicide to have big clubs playing Sunday, Wednesday, Sunday and wearing out their top stars."

"We must oow think of restructuring the game at the national and regional level," he said, adding it was essential to start preparing now for the next World Cup in Italy. "You have to build a national side in four years, not four months."

Chedid said Brazil should have three national teams — youth, junior and adult — in constant activity.

He said Brazil was eliminated "by accident" because it was very rare for Zico to miss a penalty.

Pedro Lopes, a federation director, said Brazil must take a hard look at the organization of its teams. "There is no point in having a junior side win the world title if none of that work is carried through to the World Cup," he said.

Lopes said he was certain Brazil's defeat would not cause political problems within the federation. "The team played well and everybody made a great effort," he said. "It was just fate we lost."

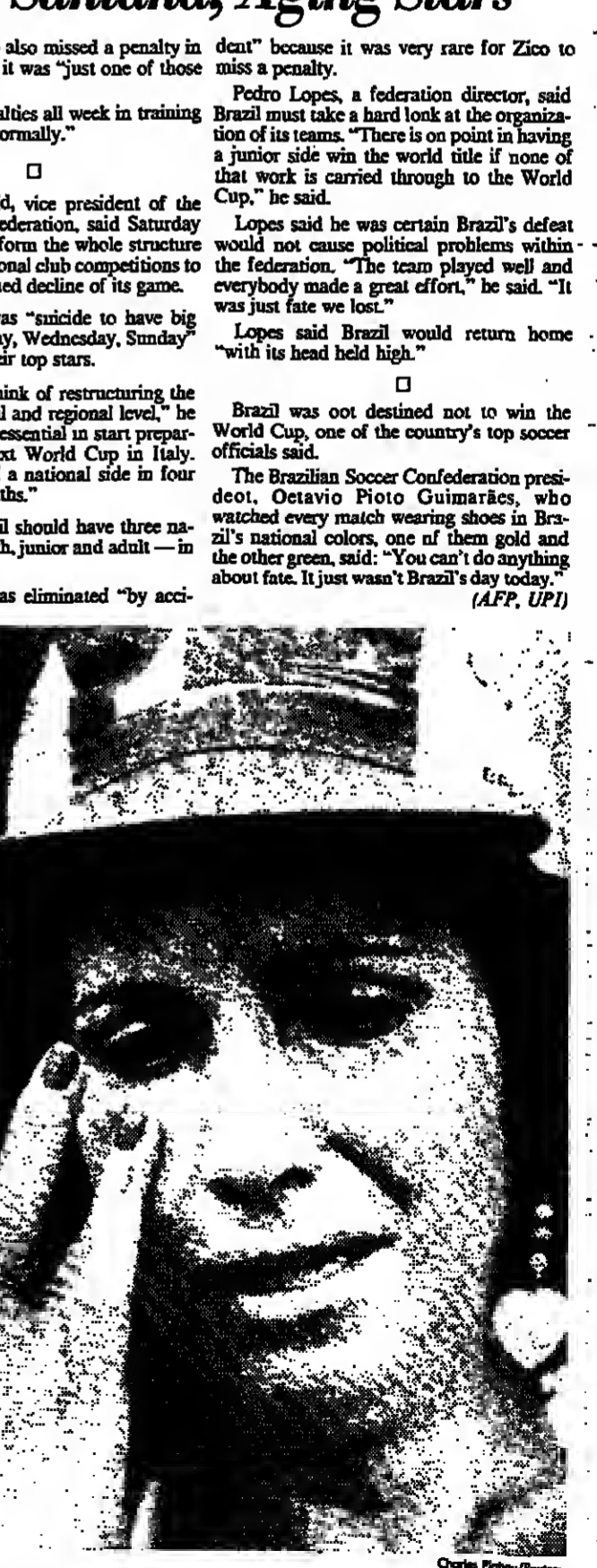
Lopes said Brazil would return home "with its head held high."

Brazil was not destined not to win the World Cup, one of the country's top soccer officials said.

The Brazilian Soccer Confederation president, Octavio Pinto Guimarães, who watched every match wearing shoes in Brazil's national colors, one of them gold and the other green, said: "You can't do anything about fate. It just wasn't Brazil's day today."

(AP, UPI)

Pelé, left, watching from a broadcasting booth, is dismayed by Brazil's loss; the goalkeeper Carlos, tangled on the ground with Frenchman Luis Fernandez, shouts in dismay after Michel Platini scored for the French to tie the game late in the first half; and a Brazilian fan at Jalisco Stadium wipes away her tears following the defeat. Stunned supporters of Brazil crowded bars in Guadalajara afterward to drown the pain.



High Pendo/Reuters

LANGUAGE

Tracing the Arbs, Preserving the -eu

By William Safire

WASHINGTON — The arbs are moving in. No I am not using a clipped version of "labor arbitrators," not trying to pronounce "Arabs" in a single syllable, nor clandestinely using the acronym for Angle Rate Bombing System.

The arbs are the arbiters, who have taken the place of Be-a-Million Gates in the corporate crash-plot. "A call came in to Lehman Brothers from an arb and was transferred to me," Dennis B. Levine said to the Securities and Exchange Commission, before being charged with insider trading.

Curiously, the glossary used the short form — arb — only in passing, but the clip turned out to be as hardy as the whole word. Readers of this space bought at the low such phrases as poison pill (a device to make takeovers more difficult) and white knight (a friendly suitor who will guarantee nervous management platinum parachutes); in the past decade, other Wall Street nonce phrases have withered, such as gray knight (an opportunistic second bidder), smoking gun (a mistake that gives the target company a target of its own) and show stopper (a smoking gun the size of a cannon, such as an anti-trust ruling that sends sharks and arbs scurrying).

Although arb is a noncontroversial clip, a domybrook is shaping up to be the word of the moment. Arbiter is one of the more than 20 words in English with the French -eur suffix. We are all familiar with amateur, saboteur, liqueur and restaurateur, and some will even recall the conglomeration who used to make us all misgrainers; nobody is trying to Anglicize any of them.

But arbitrage is under attack. In The New York Times, the spelling arbitrage outnumbers its French counterpart 390 to 13. Why? Here's why: At The Times's news desk, in a list of dos and don'ts (one of those apostrophes), somebody once specified a preference for the Anglicized version. No special reason; no explanation; just one of those decisions that did not seem to be a big deal at the moment it was made.

I protest, appeal and demand a new hearing. Webster's New World Dictionary prefers the -eur suffix, taking the -er grudgingly. Over at Merriam-Webster, the unabridged Third New International (1961) preferred arbitrage, but that was typical of the anything-goes edition; the new, more sensible Ninth New Collegiate edition prefers arbitrage. "Since the Third," says Merriam-Webster editorial director Fred Mish, "-eur has been cited almost 2 to 1 in preference, and is found in a much wider variety of sources. I think that -eur is clearly the preferred spelling."

I am fiercely nationalistic to the point of jingoism, and can see the value in sometimes Anglicizing foreign words. When different alphabets are used, we must

transliterate; that gives us the chance to clarify Anglicize, as in changing the Cyrillic korovnik to korovnik, or the Greek mekhanos to mekhanos, sometimes linguistics chauvinism asks too much, knock over arbitrage for the assimilated arb, can an insipid entrepreneur be far behind? sneaking around looking through the lexicon? Will the arbiters be driven to work by chewing, bareheaded chaffers? For never as Helen, "Thy Naisid air have brought me home the glory that was Greece." And the grander the Rome.

PRECISION is closely related to accuracy. Herbert E. Meyer and Jill Meyer in their new "How to Write," but it is not quite the same. (Why have husband-and-wife writing teams not repeating their last names? Why not "Herbert & Jill Meyer" Save space?)

The authors of this superb beginner's book writing (\$4.95 by mail, Storm King Press, Box 2000, Washington, D.C. 20007) offer this advice on how you can be accurate but vague: "The finger set foot on the moon landed there in the 1960s, not on July 20, 1969."

This reminds me of my most far-reaching goal error. A couple of months before the moon few of the speechwriters were sitting around the House and nodding over what should go on the astronauts would leave on the moon. "The moon from planet Earth first landed on the moon's ring of declarative precision, and 'We go peace for all mankind' was upbeat. (Pat Meyer wanted to say "Two Americans," but I thought was too parochial; in retrospect, he was right).

But we had a problem: Shouldn't there be a subtle play on the Deity, not a religious pluck, least some reference to show future generations from planet Earth believed in God?

The solution: put the date of the landing, plaque, and use A.D. — the initials of the Latin anno Domini, "in the year of our Lord." Brilliant, key but definite. When NASA could not give exact date of the landing in time to cast a plaque, I told the plaque-maker to go with "July A.D."

That's what sits on the moon today, to be a space traveler come from now, and the only that it is wrong. When the date is before the Christ, you write B.C. (or B.C.E., "before Christ Era") after the numerals; when the date is Christ's birth, the letters come before. As the House College Dictionary puts it: "From 20 A.D. 50 is 70 years."

In a century or so, I hope some descendant will take a sharp stylus on some weekend rocket moon and, while awaiting a transfer ticket will draw a little circle around the A.D. and arrow placing it in front of the word July. It show that human beings in the early days were grammatically fallible; that mankind, changed to humankind, but you can leave it that way on the plaque. Juniors is forever editing a little precision is a dangerous thing.

New York Times Service

William Wyler: A Daughter's Tribute

By Elizabeth Kastor

Washington Post Service

NEW YORK — As Catherine Wyler puts it, "My name dates me precisely." The daughter of the director William Wyler, she was born while her father worked on the 1939 "Wuthering Heights" and was named after the heroine, Catherine Earnshaw. "I remember in one of my toddler periods my mother saying to me, 'No one will ever say, 'Oh, Catherine, you wasted hands!'"

Catherine Wyler and the interviewer in the film, Scott Berg, agreed that there would be no favorite-movie and/or actress queries. Margaret Wyler persuaded her husband to cooperate, and with the help of a grant from the National Endowment for the Arts and contributions from Hollywood friends, Catherine Wyler hired a director and a staff.

The filming began. Three days after completing the first round of interviews, Wyler died of a heart attack. "One day he was there, the next day he was gone. I didn't go near it for a year," she said of the project.

"I think all those first-born jinxes got going," she said. "He said he was making a movie about his father, and I thought, 'My daddy could lick his daddy.'"

"I thought his work was being forgotten," she said of her father. "You could only see his films all chopped up on television. I was conscious of the fact that his name wasn't being heard as much, and I thought the movie could be a spur for retrospectives of his work."

Just because Catherine Wyler wanted to make a movie, however, did not mean the movie would be made. William Wyler was known for his stubbornness, for what his daughter calls a "strong personality," and he immediately said no.

"He thought it was an awful idea," she said. It was often said of Wyler that he had no particular style, that he adapted his touch to suit each film. "He never was into any kind of self-promotion. I said, 'Oh, but Daddy, it will be fun.' He looked at me with this withering glance. 'Oh, yes, for you it will be fun. For me it will be work.'"

Wyler's wife of 42 years, Mar-

garet, said after the film was shown recently in Washington: "The idea sort of bored him — to have to sit there and answer all those questions. You know, if you've been around, everyone always says, 'What's your favorite movie? Which star did you like working with most?' It just kills you."

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"I thought his work was being forgotten," she said of her father. "You could only see his films all chopped up on television. I was conscious of the fact that his name wasn't being heard as much, and I thought the movie could be a spur for retrospectives of his work."

Just because Catherine Wyler wanted to make a movie, however, did not mean the movie would be made. William Wyler was known for his stubbornness, for what his daughter calls a "strong personality," and he immediately said no.

"He thought it was an awful idea," she said. It was often said of Wyler that he had no particular style, that he adapted his touch to suit each film. "He never was into any kind of self-promotion. I said, 'Oh, but Daddy, it will be fun.' He looked at me with this withering glance. 'Oh, yes, for you it will be fun. For me it will be work.'"

Wyler's wife of 42 years, Mar-

garet, said after the film was shown recently in Washington: "The idea sort of bored him — to have to sit there and answer all those questions. You know, if you've been around, everyone always says, 'What's your favorite movie? Which star did you like working with most?' It just kills you."

Catherine Wyler and the interviewer in the film, Scott Berg, agreed that there would be no favorite-movie and/or actress queries. Margaret Wyler persuaded her husband to cooperate, and with the help of a grant from the National Endowment for the Arts and contributions from Hollywood friends, Catherine Wyler hired a director and a staff.

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Director Wyler: Obsessive.

results were predictable. In "The Letter," in the 1940s, Davis walked off the set after one particularly energetic disagreement. She was playing a woman who has killed her lover and whose husband stands by her until she is cleared of the murder. In the final scene, the husband asks her, "Do you love me?"

"Forty years later," Catherine Wyler said, "they were still disagreeing over whether or not she should look her husband in the eye when she said, 'I'll always love the other man.'"

Wyler won. She looked him in the eye. "I mean, he was the director. But when we interviewed him for the movie he said he was sure if he asked her now, 40 years later, in refilm the scene she would run right to the studio."

Whatever the problems on the set, the actors who worked with Wyler remain his devoted fans. Fourteen of them won Oscars for their performances in his films.

At the Washington party, Robert Benton, an obvious admirer, said the criticism that there was no "Wyler style" was "ridiculous. He had a very strong signature," Benton said. "It's a signature of content as much as style that a deep affection for his characters."

Catherine Wyler said she was touched by the actor's enthusiasm when she told them of her planned movie. "I told Bette Davis that the people who had seen the movie all said they fell in love with my father. She said, 'Well, a lot of people did. People always did.'"



Producer Wyler: "He never told them what to do."

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